Regular Expression

Describe the language denoted by the following regular expression

a(a | b)*a
 Answer:

String of a`s and b`s begin and end with a

(a | b)* a(a | b) (a | b)
 Answer:

String of a`s and b`s, with an a in the 3rd letter from the right.

(a | b)*b (a | b)* b (a | b)*
Answer:
String of a`s and b`s that contain at least two b`s

Write regular definition for the following languages:

• All string of lowercase letters that contain the five vowels in order.

Answer:

 $\begin{array}{l} L \longrightarrow [b-d f-h j-n p-t v-z] \\ String \longrightarrow L^{*}(a|A)^{+} L^{*}(e|E)^{+} L^{*}(i|I)^{+} \\ L^{*}(o|O)^{+} L^{*}(u|U)^{+}L^{*} \end{array}$

 Comments, consisting of a string surrounded by /* and */, without an intervening */, unless it is inside double-qoutes(")

Answer:

 $L \longrightarrow [a-zA-ZO-9]$ $C \longrightarrow "'*/"$ comment $\longrightarrow /* (L*C*)**/$

 String of a`s and b`s that contains odd number of b

Answer: a*b(a*ba*b)*a*

 String of a`s and b`s that contains just two or three b`s

Answer: a*ba*ba*b[?]a^{*}

• All strings of a's and b's that do not contain the substring abb.

Answer: **b* (a (ε|b))***

 All strings of a's and b's with an even number of a's.

Answer:

b*(a b* a b*)*

 All strings of a's and b's that contain at most two b's.

Answer:

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a* (ε|b) a* (ε|b) a*
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• All strings of a's and b's that do not contain the subsequence abb.

Answer:

b* a*(ε|b) a*