
Scale development of critical success factors for quality management practices: evidence from Indian manufacturing SMEs

Rashmi Srinivas* and D.R. Swamy

Department of Industrial Engineering and Management,
JSS Academy of Technical Education,
JSS Campus, Uttarahalli-Kengeri Road,
Bangalore, 560060, Karnataka, India
Email: rashmis@jssateb.ac.in
Email: drswamydr@jssateb.ac.in
*Corresponding author

T.S. Nanjundeswaraswamy

Department of Mechanical Engineering,
JSS Academy of Technical Education,
JSSATE-B Campus, Dr. Vishnuvardan Road, Post,
Srinivaspura, Bengaluru, Karnataka 560060, India
Email: nswamy.ts@jssateb.ac.in

Abstract: In developing countries like India, the level of awareness about quality management practices (QMP) in small and medium enterprises (SMEs) has increased recently. This study attempts to develop and validate a QMP scale for manufacturing SMEs. Using Pareto analysis vital QMP factors were identified and questionnaire was administered to 750 SMEs with 68.5% response rate. In order to extract and validate the latent factors, exploratory factor analysis coupled with confirmatory factor analysis was used. Further, structural equation modelling (SEM) was deployed for determining interrelationships of extracted factors. This resulted in seven-QMP factors with $R = (0.50-0.81)$ and R-squared values ranged between 0.23–0.66 representing the variation in 35 items. The study contributes to QMP literature, by bestowing empirical data on QMP factors which are more appropriate for manufacturing SMEs. Though the study was conducted in Indian SMEs context, the research outcomes may be applicable for general manufacturing firms with slight modifications.

Keywords: small and medium enterprises; SMEs; scale development; confirmatory factor analysis; CFA; quality management practices; QMP; structural equation modelling; SEM.

Reference to this paper should be made as follows: Srinivas, R., Swamy, D.R. and Nanjundeswaraswamy, T.S. (2019) 'Scale development of critical success factors for quality management practices: evidence from Indian manufacturing SMEs', *Int. J. Quality Engineering and Technology*, Vol. 7, No. 3, pp.256–297.

Biographical notes: Rashmi Srinivas is an Assistant Professor of Industrial Engineering and Management in the Department of IE&M, at JSS Academy of Technical Education, Bangalore, Karnataka, India. She is pursuing her PhD in Mechanical Engineering with concentration in TQM and HRM. Her areas of expertise include lean manufacturing, quality management and human resource management and organisational behaviour. She has practical experience in industry for three years and teaching and research experience of 12 years in industrial engineering and management.

D.R. Swamy is the Dean (Research) and a Professor of Industrial Engineering and Management in the Department of IE&M, at JSS Academy of Technical Education, Bangalore, Karnataka, India. His areas of expertise include engineering management, quality engineering and human resource management. He is the author of several technical journal articles. He is a member of several professional associations and he has a rich research experience of more than 20 years. He has implemented several funded research projects.

T.S. Nanjundeswaraswamy is an Associate Professor of the Mechanical Engineering Department, at JSS Academy of Technical Education, Bangalore, Karnataka, India. His areas of expertise include probability and statistics, simulation modelling, operations management, human resource management and organisational behaviour. He has more than 15 years of teaching and research experience.

1 Introduction

In almost all the countries surveyed, small and medium enterprises (SMEs) are engines of economic growth of a country in terms of generating employment opportunities and contributing towards nations GDP. In developing economies like India, SMEs play a pivotal role by contributing 6.11% of the manufacturing GDP and 24.63% of the GDP from service activities (courtesy: 14th CII Global MSME Business Summit 2017). SMEs are useful partners and suppliers of parts and sub-assemblies (Dubey and Kumar, 2017) at relatively low cost to large-sized enterprises thereby becoming the integral part of their supply chain. As large-sized firms are increasingly depending on SMEs for supply of parts and services, the performance and competency level of SMEs become even more critical (Sun and Cheng, 2002) and they are expected to produce high quality products. The fear of losing business and pressure from large-sized firms to produce quality goods and services, have fuelled the interest on various quality tools and practices among SMEs (Kumar and Antony, 2008). However, the quality of products produced by SMEs still remains to be low (Majumdar et al., 2016) and Indian government has undertaken many initiatives to stimulate the quality awareness (Singh et al., 2018) among SMEs. The poor-quality parts supplied by SMEs can affect the quality of products produced and have an effect on the competitiveness of large-enterprises (Ghobadian and Gallea, 1996). After globalisation, SMEs are under constant pressure to produce quality products and satisfy their customers in order to compete and sustain in the dynamic market arena. The

quality of product can be improved in SMEs by adapting to various quality tools and techniques (Kusumah, 2013). This can help SMEs to raise their quality levels, thereby satisfying the needs of large-sized firms, customers and improving their business performance.

Today, organisations are under tremendous pressure to continuously improve and upgrade themselves to the changing needs of customers to produce high quality products/services at low cost. In this pursuit, quality management practices (QMP) is a management philosophy which will assist firms to fulfil customers' demands by delivering high quality products (Kapur et al., 2014). Some studies have focused on the theoretical aspects of QMP, while others emphasised on the practical and empirical issues, but less agreement on critical factors of QMP (Zhang et al., 2000). Further, many empirical studies have documented the success stories and failures of QMP implementation (Dubey et al., 2018). The studies (Goh, 2000; Hoang et al., 2010; Dubey and Kumar, 2017) reported that QMP is well adapted by large-enterprises and are more benefited when compared to SMEs. The QMP framework developed for large-sized firms are not suitable for SMEs (Yusof and Aspinwall, 2000a) and it cannot be adapted to SMEs (Quazi and Padibjo, 1997) as they operate in different business environments. However, the study by Ahire and Golhar (1996) reported that, irrespective of size of firm, small or large, there are no operational differences in QMP implementation and its payback. In Indian SMEs context, there is shortage of research on QMP and SMEs (Meshram et al., 2017), since mainstream have focused on large-sized firms (Parkin and Parkin, 1996; Walley, 2000; Kuratko et al., 2001; Rahman, 2001a; Petroni, 2002; Seth and Tripathi, 2005). This lack of empirical studies and inadequate information to support QMP implementation in SMEs context has resulted in slow implementation of QMP (Ghobadian and Gallea, 1996; Maria and Jones, 2003; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018). The studies (Abdullah, 2007; Malik et al., 2010; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018) reported that QMP implementation in SMEs seems to be limited and it is the same even in the case of Indian SMEs (Sinha et al., 2016; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018; Singh et al., 2018). Absence of QMP model suitable for Indian SMEs is the main barrier for unsuccessful and poor QMP implementation (Kalpande et al., 2010). Further, Kharub and Sharma (2016) expressed the need for testing reliability and validity of QMP factors in Indian SMEs to enjoy the full potential of QMP. Owing to bridge this gap, this study aims to contribute to QMP literature by developing a reliable and valid QMP scale for Indian manufacturing SMEs. The main focus was to identify the key QMP factors using Pareto analysis and empirically validating them with responses collected from Indian manufacturing SMEs. This study outcome would assist researchers to develop QMP theory, measure the status of QMP implementation and to identify the areas for further improvement. This is essential, since Indian SMEs are emerging as a major economic power; and such sophisticated quality framework will certainly be a great boon for sustainable development. In the following sections, a review of literature is presented followed by research methodology, identification of vital QMP factors using Pareto analysis, description of sample profile, exploratory factor analysis (EFA) and confirmatory factor analysis (CFA). Further, the research findings are presented along with discussion and conclusions, and the research limitations are highlighted.

2 Literature review

This section examines the concept of QMP by identifying and comparing the literature revolving around QMP implementation. Then, a review of literature on important QMP factors considered by various researchers is discussed. In the last three decades, many researchers have done extensive empirical studies on QMP. Few have attempted to identify the critical factors of QMP, few have worked on finding the association between QMP and firms performance, while few others aimed at finding the reasons why QMP is important for firms. A systematic review of literature on QMP implementation in SMEs context was done by searching for articles in peer reviewed journals.

2.1 QMP in SMEs context

In developing economies like India, SMEs play a pivotal role by contributing 6.11% of the manufacturing GDP and 24.63% of the GDP from service activities (courtesy: 14th CII Global MSME Business Summit 2017). According to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) Act 2006, SMEs are defined based on investment made on plant and machinery. With respect to manufacturing enterprises, the investments up to INR2.5 million termed as micro-enterprises, between INR2.5–50 million are small enterprises while investment between INR50–100 million are termed medium-sized enterprises. SMEs are considered to be the backbone of Indian economy. Globalisation has provided SMEs many opportunities and challenges to improve their efficiencies. Today, the changes in both local and global competition inform SMEs of the need to improve on their business performances. QMP is considered to be better approach which helps to improve business performance, irrespective of size of the firm (Ahire and Golhar, 1996). Many firms operating at downstream were forced by large-sized firms to implement QMP (Majumdar, 2016) to stay competitive.

Many Indian SMEs have attempted to adopt QMP, but the level of implementation reported to be slow (Sahoo and Yadav, 2018) and not well adopted (Deshmukh and Lakhe, 2010). The study by Deshmukh and Lakhe (2010) revealed that 67.5% of Indian SMEs owners and managers are well informed about various quality practices but reported poor implementation of such practices in their own firms. Majority of SMEs are still reluctant to implement QMP (Singh, 2011) and they face many problems when attempting to implement (Sainis, 2018) due to following reasons: inadequate and timely financial assistances because of their size, lack of technical expertise which often leads to ad hoc implementation leading to poor results, low capacity of production, unskilled workforce with informal training, lack of funds to invest on upgradation and spreading out, inability to reach out to new marketplace (Sullivan-Taylor and Wilson, 1996; Majumdar, 2016). The nature of QMP implementation is a continuous improvement process and it is not an overnight solution (Mathur et al., 2012) for the solving the problems faced by SMEs. However, the small firm's owners would expect the early outcomes upon narrow implementation of QMP in short span of time. Probably, this might be the reason why QMP is well implemented in large-sized firms and SMEs consider it to be avoidable outlay (Samal et al., 2014).

2.2 *QMP and SMEs performance*

Many studies on QMP in SMEs context have been done by previous researchers. The reason for this is that, SMEs are vibrant and play a vital role in rising economic growth of any country. From literature, it is evident that successful implementation of QMP will improve customer satisfaction (Malik et al., 2018), productivity (Rahman and Bullock, 2005), involvement of employees (Yusuf et al., 2007) and competitive abilities of the firm (Zhang, 2000; Rahman and Attar, 2009; Mahmud and Hilmi, 2014; Venkateshwarlu et al., 2011; Nadarajah and Kadir, 2014). Further, research studies have empirically proved that QMP has significant and positive relationship with customer satisfaction (Sit et al., 2009; Mehra and Ranganathan, 2008; Ooi et al., 2011; Oakland, 2011; Valmohammadi and Roshanzamir, 2015) and firm performance (Hendricks and Singhal, 1996, 1997; Demirbag et al., 2006a; Idris, 2011; Sadikoglu and Olcay, 2014; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018) whereas, the following studies (Rahman, 2001a) reported contrary results that, there is no association between QMP and SMEs performance.

The SMEs must implement critical success factors (CSF) of QMP holistically (Chileshe, 2007) rather than on piecemeal basis (Salaheldin, 2009; Kharub and Sharma, 2016) to enjoy full potential of QMP. The study conducted by Pinho (2008) revealed that effective leadership initiatives, quality assurance systems, measuring results and top managers training programs have significant impact on SMEs performance and consumer orientation.

The QMP implementation has significant effect on operational and organisational performance (Salaheldin, 2009) and commitment from top management leadership (Motwani, 2001a; Kaynak, 2003; Murphy, 2016) is critical for successful implementation (Kumar and Antony, 2008) in SMEs. The study conducted by Herzallah et al. (2014) reported positive relationship with QMP and financial performance of SMEs and if operations are linked with business strategies then it will assist in achieving strategic goals (Singh et al., 2008; Tanninen et al., 2010) of the firm. Yunoh and Ali (2015) observed that implementation of quality practices will help SMEs to identify the target market and improves competitiveness.

There are many studies that (Eisen et al., 1992; Price and Chen, 1993; Harvey, 1995, 2004; Shea and Gobeli, 1995; Ahire and Golhar, 1996; Parkin and Parkin, 1996; Mo and Chan, 1997; Anderson and Sohal, 1999; Hendricks and Singhal, 1999; Rahman, 2001a; Beheshti and Lollar, 2003; Demirbag et al., 2006b; Pinho, 2008; Fening et al., 2008; Gadenne and Sharma, 2009; Salaheldin, 2009; Valmohammadi, 2011; Fening, 2012; Harris et al., 2013; Sinha et al., 2016; Abubakar and Mahmood, 2016; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018) revealed positive association between QMP implementation and SMEs performance, while following empirical studies (Goh and Ridgway, 1994; Chittenden et al., 1998; Rahman, 2001b; Sun and Cheng, 2002; Prajogo and Brown, 2006; Kober et al., 2012; Jabeen et al., 2015) refuted the association. As indicated above, many empirical studies support for QMP implementation in SMEs but it does not mean the process is simple or promise positive outcomes in short period (Bishop, 2018). The reasons might be that SMEs operate in unsupportive environment (Singh et al., 2005), inability to invest

on QMP (Sainis, 2018), trying QMP tools individually but not as a broader strategy, results in slow and unsuccessful implement (Mallur and Hiregoudar, 2010).

2.3 *QMP factors*

QMP factors or components are those which affect the successful implementation of QMP. Several studies on QMP have been undertaken by researchers and academicians along with various institutions such as Deming's Prize, Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award (MBNQA), and European Foundation for Quality Management (EFQM) to identify the CSF of QMP. These factors represent the key areas which organisation must emphasise on (Bishop, 2018) for effective implementation of QMP (Saraph et al., 1989). However, there is debate as to which CSF are applicable in SME context and if those factors should be related to tools and practices) or people related factors (Bishop, 2018). Ahire et al. (1996) defined the QMP factors or constructs to be as latent variables and critical areas of managerial planning (Saraph et al., 1989). The seven QMP factors or categories defined by MBNQA are leadership, customer and market focus, strategic planning, process management, human resource focus, and business results. The first empirical study on QMP was published by Gravin (1983) while the credit for validating the QMP instrument goes to Sarah et al. (1989). A review of literature was done to get more insights on CSF of QMP and its impact on SMEs performance.

Jamali et al. (2010) observed that top management commitment, process management, strategic quality planning and training are the key drivers for successful implementation of QMP in SMEs.

The study conducted by Idris (2011) reported that leadership exhibited by the management and supervisors are the most predominant factor for sustainable company performance. In Indian SMEs context, Singh (2011) reported that, for successful implementation of quality management, SMEs needs to focus on driving variables namely: top management commitment, employee training and empowerment, supplier development and coordination between departments.

Valmohammadi (2011) observed that leadership plays vital role in enhancing the organisational performance and by integrating all functions of quality will increase SMEs financial performance (Almansour, 2012).

Muturi et al. (2013) investigated the level of QMP implementation in the Kenyan small and medium manufacturing industries by considering the following factors: continuous support, customer focus, employee participation, employee training, information and analysis, organisation for quality, supplier quality management, quality system improvement, statistical quality technique and top management support.

Abdollahi et al. (2014) reported that, process management, training, supplier quality management, quality of data and reports, employee relationships and top management commitment influence positively on SMEs performance.

The study by Mahmud and Hilmi (2014) examined the mediating effect of organisation learning relationship between quality management and SMEs performance. The research concluded that quality management it will support both organisation learning and SMEs performance.

Table 1 List of QMP factors considered by researchers in SMEs context

<i>Authors</i>	<i>QMP factors considered by researchers</i>
Yusof and Aspinwall (2000b)	Advanced quality planning, benchmarking, communication, cost of quality, customer surveys, employee perceptions, employee recognition, human resource policy, kaizen, muri, muda, mura, 5S, pay and reward system, QA system, QCC, quality measurement, quality teams, self-assessment and others, SPC, supplier quality assurance, TPM
Rahman (2001b)	Workforce commitment, shared vision, customer focus, use of teams, personnel training, cooperative supplier relations, computer-base technologies, just-in-time principles, technology utilisation, and continuous improvement enablers
Tentime and Solomon (2002)	Managerial leadership and commitment, customer satisfaction, continuous improvement, employees empowerment and involvement, supplier partnership, quality culture and philosophy, and measurement and feedback
Sohail and Hoong (2003)	Employee training and development, process management, quality measurement and benchmarking, top management commitment, customer involvement and satisfaction, strategy and planning
Tentime (2003)	Customer satisfaction, managerial leadership, employee empowerment, continuous improvement, supplier partnership, quality culture, working environment, measurement and feedback
Erginel (2005)	Customer focus, leadership, employee involvement, process approach, systemic approach, continuous improvement, decisions based on facts, relationship with suppliers mutually beneficiary
Hong and Phitayawejiwat (2005)	Customer orientation, HRD, information and analysis, leadership, quality assurance, quality results, strategic quality planning, supplier relationship
Rahman and Tannock (2005)	Genuine top management commitment, policy and planning aimed at customer satisfaction, an effective steering committee, good communication within the organisation, employee involvement and teamwork development, reward and recognition systems, employee training and development, appropriate problem-solving tools and techniques
Rad (2006)	Process management, focus on customer, leadership and management, focus on employees, focus on material resources, strategic planning performance results, focus on suppliers
Demirbag et al. (2006a)	Role of top management, quality data and reporting, employee relations, process management, supplier quality management, commitment, training, quality policy
Chileshe (2007)	Customer-oriented, supplier-oriented, HRM-oriented, process-oriented
Salaheldin (2009)	Assessment of performance of suppliers, benchmarking, continuous improvement, customer and market knowledge, customer orientation, employee empowerment, employee involvement, employee training, enterprise performance metrics for TQM process control, leadership, management of customer relationships, organisational culture, product and service design, quality goals and policy, realistic TQM implementation schedule, resources conservation and utilisation, resources value addition process, supplier quality, supplier relationships, team building and problem solving, top management support, use of IT
Kumar and Anthony (2009)	Management involvement and commitment, communication, link QI to employee, cultural change, education and training, link QI to customer, project selection, link QI to business, link QI to supplier, project mgmt. skill, organisational infrastructure, vision and plan, IT and innovation
Malik et al. (2010)	Top management commitment, customer focus, supplier relationships, employee involvement and empowerment, work environment and benchmarking

Table 1 List of QMP factors considered by researchers in SMEs context (continued)

<i>Authors</i>	<i>QMP factors considered by researchers</i>
Mallur and Hiregoudar (2010)	Leadership and top management commitment, vision and plan statement, supplier quality management, system process quality improvement, total employee involvement, education and training, performance appraisal and recognition, customer focus satisfaction, evaluation, work environment and culture, continuous improvement, communication
Valmohammadi (2011)	Communication, customer focus, employee management, leadership, process management, quality information system, supplier quality management
Fard et al. (2011)	Benchmarking, balanced score card, process management, information usage, quality strategy, employee involvement, training and education, communication
Fening (2012)	Leadership, strategic planning, customer and market focus, measurement, analysis and knowledge management, workforce focus, process management and results
Kalpande et al. (2013)	Team processes, internal customer focus, use of data, common understanding of quality, understanding customer need, supplier partnership, understanding organisation processes, quality improvements techniques
Srinivas (2013)	Management commitment and leadership, education and training, employee participation, quality assurance, strategic planning process, customer focus and satisfaction, total quality management, benchmarking
Agbola and Ankrh (2013)	Awareness of quality management, availability of quality management policy, leadership commitment, use of new technology and continuous improvement, enforce of quality standards, customers needs
Herzallah et al. (2014)	Management leadership, customer focus, training, employee relations, quality data and reporting, supplier management, product and service design, process management
Kaur and Sharma (2014)	Top management policy, human resources management, corporate planning, monitoring and execution, customer focus, leadership, quality and process, information and analysis
Manhas et al. (2015)	Continuous improvement, customer focus, employee participation, process management, supplier quality management, teamwork, top management commitment, training
Yunoh and Ali (2015)	Management commitment, strategic planning, customer focus, benchmarking, relationship with suppliers, continuous improvement
Sinha et al. (2016)	Involvement of people, customer focus and leadership, process approach, mutually beneficial supplier relationship, factual approach to decision-making
Ahmad et al. (2017)	Training, top management commitment, customer focus, continuous improvement, employee involvement, process management
Oliveira et al. (2019)	Leadership, customer focus, strategic planning, HRM, process management, supplier management
Imran et al. (2018)	Leadership, strategy, people, resources, process
Aich et al. (2018)	Top management commitment to quality, improved production planning and control, employee involvement, and supplier quality management employee involvement, supplier quality management information technology, management mission and vision, recognition system and customer focus
Sahoo and Yadav (2018)	Cross-functional product design, process quality management, quality empowerment, organisation-wide employee training, quality information usage

QMP assist SMEs to gain competitive advantage over foreign products and improves the growth and performance (Kwamega et al., 2015). The study in Malaysian SMEs (Yunoh and Ali, 2015) proposed innovation to be the intervening variable which influences relationship between quality management and organisational performance.

The study in 20 auto component SMEs in India (Sinha et al., 2016) observed positive influence between following QMP factors namely: process approach, mutually beneficial supplier relationship, factual approach to decision-making and SMEs performance.

Oliveira et al. (2019) investigated quality management implementation in Brazilian SMEs and reported that the lack of awareness on quality management and commitment to continuous improvement philosophy. The study (Sahoo and Yadav, 2018) in 127 Indian SMEs reported the need for awareness about QMP among SMEs owners/managers, since success of any quality initiative depends on leadership style exhibited by them.

Many studies have investigated the QMP factors by developing QMP models or frameworks. In connection with this, the authors have done extensive literature review for the purpose of identifying the QMP factors considered by researchers in SMEs context by reviewing the studies published between 2000 to 2018. The reason for this that, SMEs are different from large-sized firms (Falle et al., 2016) and they operate in different way. The peer-reviewed research papers from various database references were searched using following key words: QMP, TQM, CSF, QMP in SMEs, etc. The list of QMP factors recommended by various researchers is mentioned in Table 1.

From the exhaustive literature, it can be concluded that QMP is a multidimensional concept since it consists of various factors addressing quality concepts. Thorough literature analysis on QMP reveals that relatively large number of studies across the globe have used the survey instrument and critical factors proposed by Saraph et al. (1989), Flynn et al. (1994), Anderson et al. (1994), Black and Porter (1996), Ahire and Golhar (1996), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002) and others. Many studies in literature reported varying outcomes, but Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002) claimed that QMP implementation significantly varies from firm to firm, region to region and with respect to demography. Thus, it is necessary to reassess QMP implementation (Mosadeghrad, 2015) based on demography or region. Owing to bridge this research gap, the present study attempts to develop a reliable and valid QMP scale suitable for Indian manufacturing SMEs.

3 Research methodology

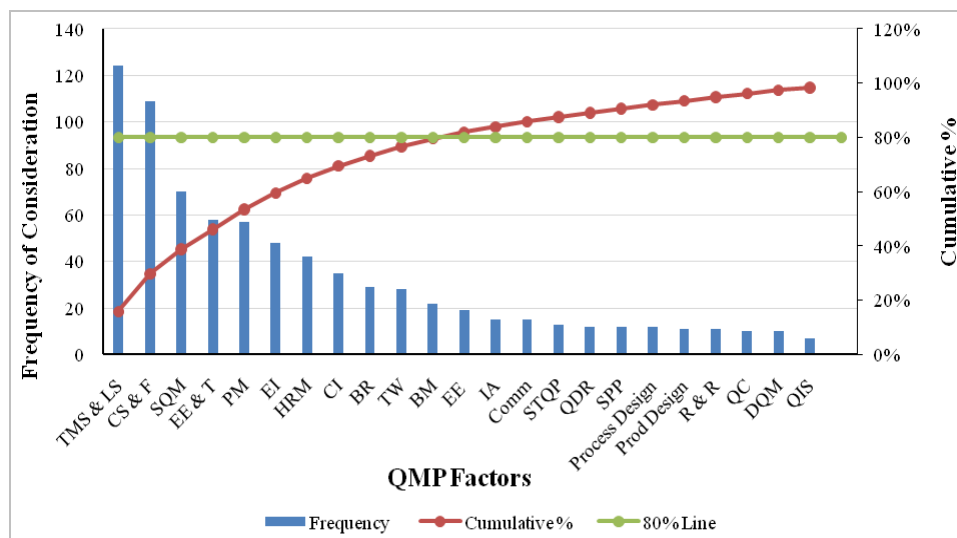
To realise the study objective, a comprehensive literature review on QMP was carried out using keyword search such as TQM, QMP, QMP implementation, QMP in SMEs, and QMP in manufacturing SMEs. The research papers were reviewed from various database references and 45 critical factors of QMP with supporting literature studies have been tabulated. The research study is empirical one and data was collected through structured QMP scale and it was subjected to EFA using SPSS 21. Further for the purpose of validating the factors, CFA was performed using Analysis of Moment Structures (AMOS) 22 software to fit structural equation modelling (SEM).

4 Identification of vital QMP factors using Pareto analysis

Many statisticians use Pareto analysis for making decision about critical factors and to limit number of factors. Using Pareto analysis, critical QMP factors were identified by considering those factors which are frequently considered by researchers. For this purpose, research papers were searched from various database references such as Google Scholar, Emerald, IEEE, Taylor Francis, Scopus indexed journals, Springer, Inderscience, American Society of Quality and various others by using the keywords such as: TQM, QMP, TQM implementation, QMP implementation, etc. and this resulted in 45 CSF of QMP considered by various researchers as mentioned in Table 2.

Based on frequency of consideration by researchers, 25 QMP factors were identified for further study by discarding the others. The selected 25 QMP factors are listed based on frequency of consideration, cumulative frequency and percentage of cumulative frequency are calculated and it is mentioned in Table 3. The research studies claim that vital few factors occupy 80% of cumulative percentage while useful many occupy 20% of occurrences (Talib et al., 2010; Oza and Shiroya, 2015; Azizaman et al., 2015; Fonseca, 2015).

Figure 1 Pareto diagram of QMP CSFs (see online version for colours)



For the 25 QMP factors, the overall frequency of consideration was 782 and first 11-factors accounted for cumulative percentage of 80%. Hence, it can be concluded that the first 11-factors are vital accounting to 80% of occurrences and were termed as useful many (Talib et al., 2010; Karuppusami and Gandhinathan, 2006). The outcome of Pareto analysis was 11 frequently used QMP factors and these were considered for scale development and 11-QMP factors are: top management commitment and leadership styles, customer focus and satisfaction, supplier quality management, employee education and training, process management, employee involvement, human resource management, continuous improvement, business results, teamwork and benchmarking.

Table 2 List of CSF of QMP with supporting literature

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>CSF of QMP</i>	<i>Supporting literature</i>
1	Top management support/top management commitment and leadership styles	Juran (1974), Ishikawa (1976), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Saraph et al. (1989), Porter and Parker (1993), Lu and Sohal (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Flynn et al. (1994), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Ahire et al. (1996), Motwani et al. (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Zeitz et al. (1997), Quazi and Padibjo (1998), Grandzol and Gershon (1998), Joseph et al. (1999), Anderson and Sohal (1999), Rao et al. (1999), Yusof and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Antony et al. (2002), Beer (2003), Li et al. (2003), Kaynak (2003), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Yong and Wilkinson (2003), Conca et al. (2004), Evans and Jacek (2003), Baidoun (2004), Al-Nofal et al. (2004), Arawati (2005), Prajogo (2005), Al-Nofal et al. (2005), Zadry (2005), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2005), Demirbag et al. (2006b), Brah and Lim (2006), Nair (2006), Karuppusami and Gandhinathan (2006), Samat et al. (2006), Tari (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Rad (2006), Das et al. (2007), Ou et al. (2007), Sila (2007), Fryer et al. (2007), Kozak et al. (2007), Abdullah and Uli (2007), Abdullah et al. (2008), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Bergman and Klefsjö (2007), Macinatti (2008), Yaacob (2008), Awan et al. (2008), Bou-Llusar et al. (2009), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Salaheldin (2009), Kumar et al. (2009), Pettersen (2009), Jung et al. (2009), Jimenez-Jimenez and Martinez-Costa (2009), Sadiqoglu and Zehir (2010), Jamali et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Arumugam et al. (2011), Valmohammadi (2011), Brun (2011), Kumar et al. (2011), Shahin and Dabestani (2011), Bahri et al. (2012), Koilakuntla et al. (2012), Arshida and Agil (2012), Zehir et al. (2012), Jha and Kumar (2012), Talib et al. (2012), Fening et al. (2013), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Noruzi et al. (2013), Moghadam et al. (2013), Mardani et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013), Hietschold et al. (2014), Al-Refae and Hanayneh (2014), Singh and Singh (2014), Oruma (2014), Sadiqoglu and Oleay (2014), Irfan et al. (2014), Wanderi et al. (2015), Jabeen et al. (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Long et al. (2015), Abuzaid (2015), Chepkoech (2015), Mehralian et al. (2016, 2017), Dedy et al. (2016), Sinha et al. (2016), Obeidat et al. (2016), Muketha (2016), Haile and Raju (2016), Fatemi et al. (2016), Kholopane (2016), Anil and Satish (2016), Al-Dhaafri et al. (2016), Basu and Bholia (2016), Vasantharayalu and Surjit (2016), Aquilani et al. (2017), Ebrahimi and Rad (2017), Panuwatwanich and Nguyen (2017), Shafiq et al. (2019), Farish et al. (2017), Xiong et al. (2017), Pradhan (2017), Qasrawi et al. (2017), Keinan and Karugu (2018), Arshad et al. (2018)
2	Quality information availability/quality data reporting	Saraph et al. (1989), Flynn et al. (1994), Rao et al. (1999), Black and Porter (1996), Joseph et al. (1999), Antony et al. (2002), Talib and Rahman (2010), Rad (2006), Valmohammadi (2011), Baird et al. (2011), Noruzi et al. (2013), Irfan et al. (2014)
3	Information and analysis	Lu and Sohal (1993), Porter and Parker (1993), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Saraph et al. (1989), Ahire et al. (1996), Moghadam et al. (2013), Mehralian et al. (2016), Kholopane (2016)
4	Benchmarking	Lu and Sohal (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Flynn et al. (1994), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Ahire et al. (1996), Ruggieri and Merli (1998), Rao et al. (1999), Zhang et al. (2000), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2003), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Rad (2006), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Jitpaaboon and Rao (2007), Salaheldin (2009), Talib and Rahman (2010), Talib et al. (2013), Nitin et al. (2011), Brkic et al. (2013), Long et al. (2015), Mehralian et al. (2016), Jehangiri (2017)
5	Strategic quality planning	Anderson and Sohal (1999), Prajogo (2005), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Jha and Kumar (2012), Al-Dhaafri et al. (2016), Basu and Bholia (2016), Parvadarzini et al. (2016), Anil and Satish (2016), Vasantharayalu and Surjit (2016), Aquilani et al. (2017), Mehralian et al. (2017), Pradhan (2017), Qasrawi et al. (2017), Arshad et al. (2018)
6	Team work	Anschutz (1995), Oakland and Aldridge (1995), Motwani et al. (1996), Black and Porter (1996), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002), Yong and Wilkinson (2003), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Lewis et al. (2006), Guimaraes (1997), Ooi et al. (2007), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Arumugam et al. (2008), Oluwatoyin and Oluseun (2008), Ueno (2009), Rahman et al. (2009), Prajogo and Cooper (2010), Jamali et al. (2010), Brun (2011), Kumar et al. (2011), Jha and Kumar (2012), Talib et al. (2013), Al-Refae and Hanayneh (2014), Abuzaid (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Long et al. (2015), Obeidat et al. (2016), Muketha (2016)

Table 2 List of CSF of QMP with supporting literature (continued)

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>CSF of QMP</i>	<i>Supporting literature</i>
7	Continuous improvement/continual improvement	Bessant et al. (1994), Stahl (1995), Motwani et al. (1996), Evans and Dean (2000), Corbett and Rastrick (2000), Juergensen (2000), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002), Antony et al. (2002), Yong and Wilkinson (2003), Conca et al. (2004), Samat et al. (2006), Rad (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Bergman and Klefsjö (2007), Oluwatoyin and Oluseun (2008), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Valmohammadi (2011), Kumar et al. (2011), Talib et al. (2012, 2013), Jha and Kumar (2012), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Oruma (2014), Irfan et al. (2014), Abuzaid (2015), Jabben et al. (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Obeidat et al. (2016), Muketha (2016), Haile and Raju (2016), Kholopane (2016)
8	Employee education and training	Juran (1974), Ishikawa (1976), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Saraph et al. (1989), Porter and Parker (1993), Lu and Sohal (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Cherrington (1995), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Powell (1995), Ahire et al. (1996), Joseph et al. (1999), Rao et al. (1999), Vermeulen and Crous (2000), Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002), Antony et al. (2002), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Baidoun (2004), Al-Nofäl et al. (2004), Samat et al. (2006), Karia and Asaari (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Boon et al. (2007), Guimaraes (2007), Ueno (2009), Claver-Cortés et al. (2008), Lewis et al. (2006), Rahman et al. (2009), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Jimenez-Jimenez and Martinez-Costa (2009), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Prajogo and Cooper (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Jamali et al. (2010), Brun (2011), Kumar et al. (2011), Arumugam et al. (2011), Zehir et al. (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Arshida and Agil (2012), Talib et al. (2012, 2013), Noruzi et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013), Singh and Singh (2014), Al-Refäte and Hanayneh (2014), Wanderli et al. (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Dedy et al. (2016), Long et al. (2015), Fatemi et al. (2016), Obeidat et al. (2016), Sinha et al. (2016)
9	Product design	Saraph et al. (1989), Flynn et al. (1994), Ahire et al. (1996), Joseph et al. (1999), Rao et al. (1999), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Lewis et al. (2006), Jamali et al. (2010), Zehir et al. (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Noruzi et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013)
10	Quality culture of organisation	Black and Porter (1996), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2003), Ueno (2009), Jha and Kumar (2012), Oruma (2014), Wanderli et al. (2015), Chepkoech (2015), Fatemi et al. (2016), Sinha et al. (2016), Mehralian et al. (2016)
11	Strategic quality management	Juran (1974), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Saraph et al. (1989), Porter and Parker (1993), Lu and Sohal (1993), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Irfan et al. (2014)
12	Supplier quality management	Juran (1974), Ishikawa (1976), Crosby (1979), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Saraph et al. (1989), Porter and Parker (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Powell (1995), Juran and Gryna (1993), Ahire et al. (1996), Flynn et al. (1994), Black and Porter (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Zeitz et al. (1997), Rao et al. (1999), Joseph et al. (1999), Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Kaynak (2003), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Sánchez-Rodríguez and Martínez-Lorente (2004), Baidoun (2004), Zadry (2005), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2005), Aravati (2005), Karuppasami and Gandhinathan (2006), Tari (2006), Demirbag et al. (2006a), Ou et al. (2007), Sila (2007), Abdullah and Uli (2007), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Yaacob (2008), Macinati (2008), Salabeldin (2009), Jimenez-Jimenez and Martinez-Costa (2009), Zakuan et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Jamali et al. (2010), Arumugam et al. (2011), Shahin and Dabestani (2011), Bahri et al. (2012), Arshida and Agil (2012), Baird et al. (2011), Talib et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013), Fening et al. (2013), Hietschold et al. (2014), Singh and Singh (2014), Sadikoglu and Olcay (2014), Irfan et al. (2015), Long et al. (2015), Mehralian et al. (2016, 2017), Haile and Raju (2016), Kholopane (2016), Nhlabathi and Kholopane (2013), Sadikoglu and Olcay (2016), Sinha et al. (2016), Parvavardini et al. (2016), Ebrahimi and Rad (2017), Panuwatwanich and Nguyen (2017), Samson (2017), Xiong et al. (2017), Farish et al. (2017), Pradhan (2017), Arshad et al. (2018)

Table 2 List of CSF of QMP with supporting literature (continued)

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>CSF of QMP</i>	<i>Supporting literature</i>
13	Employee involvement	Juran (1974), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Garvin (1987), Saraph et al. (1989), Dean and Evans (1994), Flynn et al. (1994), Dale and Cooper (1994), Motwani et al. (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Ahire et al. (1996), Black and Porter (1996), Zeitz et al. (1997), Cassar (1999), Joseph et al. (1999), Rao et al. (1999), Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Zineidin and Fomsson (2000), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Harvey and Brown (2001), Antony et al. (2002), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Yong (2003), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Baidoun (2004), Bou and Beltrán (2005), Samat et al. (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Boon et al. (2007), Guimarães (2007), Jimenez-Jimenez and Martinez-Costa (2009), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Rad (2006), Parast et al. (2011), Valmohammadi (2011), Arshida and Agil (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Al-Refae and Hanayneh (2014), Oruma (2014), Abuzaid (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Long et al. (2015), Dedy et al. (2016), Muketha (2016), Haile and Raju (2016), Fatemi et al. (2016)
14	Quality improvement system	Black and Porter (1996), Zeitz et al. (1997), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Khamalah and Lingaraj (2007), Bahri et al. (2012), Talib et al. (2013), Mehralian et al. (2016)
15	Role of quality department	Saraph et al. (1989), Joseph et al. (1999), Antony et al. (2002), Mehralian et al. (2016)
16	Int. quality results	Rao et al. (1999)
17	Ext. quality results	Rao et al. (1999)
18	SPC usage	Lu and Sohal (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Powell (1995), Ahire et al. (1996)
19	Employee empowerment	Juran (1974), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Garvin (1987), Dale and Cooper (1994), Motwani et al. (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Black and Porter (1996), Ahire et al. (1996), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Yong (2003), Samat et al. (2006), Ueno (2009), Talib and Rahman (2010), Rad (2006), Al-Refae and Hanayneh (2014), Singh and Singh (2014), Abuzaid (2015), Chepkoch (2015)
20	Product quality	Ahire et al. (1996), Anderson and Sohal (1999), Antony et al. (2002), Prajogo (2005)
21	Supplier performance	Ahire et al. (1996), Antony et al. (2002), Jha and Kumar (2012)
22	Operational quality planning	Motwani et al. (1996), Black and Porter (1996), Joseph et al. (1999), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Yong (2003), Abuzaid (2015)
23	Supervision	Zeitz et al. (1997)
24	External interface management	Black and Porter (1996)
25	Quality citizenship	Rao et al. (1999)
26	Quality policy	Joseph et al. (1999), Antony et al. (2002), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Noruzi et al. (2013)
27	Technology utilisation	Joseph et al. (1999)
28	Systems approach to management	Alolayyan et al. (2013)

Table 2 List of CSF of QMP with supporting literature (continued)

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>CSF of QMP</i>	<i>Supporting literature</i>
29	Process management	Juran (1974), Crosby (1979), Feigenbaum (1983), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Saraph et al. (1989), Porter and Parker (1993), Lu and Sohal (1994), Flynn et al. (1994), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Anderson and Sohal (1999), Zhang (2000), Kaynak (2003), Evans et al. (2004), Conca et al. (2004), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2005), Al-Nofal et al. (2004), Prajogo (2005), Nair (2006), Demirbag et al. (2006a), Karuppusami and Gandhinathan (2006), Brah and Lim (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Tari (2006), Sila (2007), Bergman and Klefsjö (2007), Ou et al. (2007), Fryer et al. (2007), Abdullah and Uli (2007), Abdullah et al. (2008), Khalifa and Aspinwall (2008), Macinati (2008), Jimenez-Jimenez and Martinez-Costa (2009), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Sit et al. (2009), Jung et al. (2009), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Arumugam et al. (2011), Valmohammadi (2011), Brun (2011), Nitin et al. (2011), Jha and Kumar (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Talib et al. (2013), Fening et al. (2013), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Moghadam et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013), Irfan et al. (2014), Manhas et al. (2015), Mehralian et al. (2016), Sinha et al. (2016), Haile and Raju (2016), Kholopane (2016)
30	Factual approach to decision making	Bergman and Klefsjö (2007), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Sinha et al. (2016)
31	Mutual beneficial suppliers relationship	Alolayyan et al. (2013), Sinha et al. (2016)
32	Service design	Antony et al. (2002), Kaynak (2003), Li et al. (2003), Zadry (2005), Arawati (2005), Karuppusami and Gandhinathan (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Salaheldin (2009), Ya'acob (2008), Arumugam et al. (2011), Irfan et al. (2014)
33	Vision and plan statement	Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Baidoun (2004), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Bahri et al. (2012), Arshida and Agil (2012), Long et al. (2015)
34	Performance management	Jamali et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Hietschold et al. (2014)
35	Employee satisfaction	Jamali et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Valmohammadi (2011), Al-Refaie and Hanayneh (2014)
36	Feedback	Kumar et al. (2011)
37	Process design	Saraph et al. (1989), Ahire et al. (1996), Flynn et al. (1994), Rao et al. (1999), Joseph et al. (1999), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Lewis et al. (2006), Jamali et al. (2010), Zehir et al. (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Noruzy et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013)
38	Values and ethics	Jha and Kumar (2012)
39	Rewards and recognition	Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000a, 2000b), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Baidoun (2004), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Khmalah and Lingaraj (2007), Ueno (2009), Jha and Kumar (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Arshida and Agil (2012), Long et al. (2015)
40	Delegations	Jha and Kumar (2012)
41	Design quality management	Juran (1974), Ishikawa (1976), Crosby (1979), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Lu and Sohal (1993), Dale and Cooper (1994), Powell (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997)
42	Communication	Black and Porter (1996), Antony et al. (2002), Dean and Evans (2004), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Samat et al. (2006), Zineldin and Fonnsson (2000), Ueno (2009), Lewis et al. (2006), Valmohammadi (2011), Brun (2011), Garg and Garg (2011), Jha and Kumar (2012), Wanderi et al. (2015), Chepkoech (2015), Sinha et al. (2016)

Table 2 List of CSF of QMP with supporting literature (continued)

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>CSF of QMP</i>	<i>Supporting literature</i>
43	Customer orientation/customer focus/customer satisfaction	Juran (1974), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Stalk et al. (1992), Lu and Sohal (1993), Flynn et al. (1994), Dale and Cooper (1994), Philips Quality (1995), Powell (1995), Muffato and Panizzolo (1995), Black and Porter (1996), Ahire et al. (1996), Motwani et al. (1996), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Zeitz et al. (1997), Quazi and Padlibjo (1998), Grandzol and Gershon (1998), Rao et al. (1999), Anderson and Sohal (1999), Yusuf and Aspinwall (2000b), Sureshchandar et al. (2001), Chapman and Al-Khawaldeh (2002), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2002), Antony et al. (2002), Li et al. (2003), Y ong (2003), Baidoun and Zairi (2003), Sousa (2003), Evans et al. (2004), Conca et al. (2004), Baidoun (2004), Agus (2005), Zadry (2005), Al-Nofal et al. (2004), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2005), Karuppusami and Gandhinathan (2006), Brah and Lim (2006), Lewis et al. (2006), Tari (2006), Samat et al. (2006), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Nair (2007), Sila (2007), Abdullah and Uji (2007), Guimaraes (1997), Bergman and Klefsj's (2007), Yusuf et al. (2008), Ya'acob (2008), Awan et al. (2008), Oluwatoyin and Oluuseun (2008), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Mady (2009), Zehir et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Jamali et al. (2010), Talib and Rahman (2010), Talib et al. (2012), Arumugam et al. (2011), Oghojator et al. (2011), Brun (2011), Garg and Garg (2014), Nitin et al. (2011), Shahin and Dabestani (2011), Jha and Kumar (2012), Zehir et al. (2012), Bahri et al. (2012), Atshida and Agil (2012), Patrick (2012), Moghadam et al. (2013), Noruzi et al. (2013), Kalra and Pant (2013), Alolayyan et al. (2013), Oruma (2014), Sadikoglu and Olcay (2014), Irfan et al. (2014), Abuzaid (2015), Jabeen et al. (2015), Manhas et al. (2015), Long et al. (2015), Obeidat et al. (2016), Mukheta (2016), Haile and Raju (2016), Fatemi et al. (2016), Dedy et al. (2016), Kholopane (2016), Anil and Satish (2016), Sinha et al. (2016), Kafetzopoulos et al. (2015), Jaca and Psomas (2015), Psomas and Jaca (2016), Basu and Bhola (2016), Sweis et al. (2016), Vasantharajulu and Surjit (2016), Aquilani et al. (2017), Ebrahimi and Rad (2017), Qasrawi et al. (2017), Patyal and Koilakuntla (2017), Xiong et al. (2017), Fariash et al. (2017), Mehralian et al. (2017), Pradhan (2017), Keinan and Karugu (2018), Arshad et al. (2018)
44	Business results	Juran (1974), Ishikawa (1976), Crosby (1979), Shewhart and Deming (1986), Garvin (1987), Powell (1995), Motwani and Kumar (1997), Yeung et al. (2003), Lakhal et al. (2006), Fuentes et al. (2006), Demirbag et al. (2006b), Shrivastava et al. (2006), Tari et al. (2007), Sila (2007), Yusuf et al. (2007), Sadikoglu and Olcay (2014), Sabella et al. (2014), Al-Ettayem and Zu'bi (2015), Ceindere et al. (2015), del Alonso-Almeida et al. (2015), Kafetzopoulos et al. (2015), Jaca and Psomas (2015), Al-Dhaafri et al. (2016), Parvadvardini et al. (2016), Psomas and Jaca (2016), Shafiq et al. (2019), Xiong et al. (2017), Fariash et al. (2017), Qasrawi et al. (2017)
45	Human resource management	Zhang et al. (1999), Kanji and Wallace (2000), Conca et al. (2004), Lewis et al. (2006), Sila and Ebrahimpour (2005), Prajogo (2005), Mahapatra and Khan (2006), Karuppusami and Gandhinathan (2006), Tari e (2006) Tari et al. (2007), Brah and Lim (2006), Jitpaiboon and Rao (2007), Sila (2007), Fryer et al. (2007), Ou et al. (2007), Ueno (2009), Awan et al. (2008), Al-Khalifa and Aspinwall (2008), Ya'acob (2008), Macinati (2008), Pinho (2008), Zu et al. (2008), Fotopoulos and Psomas (2009), Khama et al. (2011), Sadikoglu and Zehir (2010), Mittal et al. (2011), Munizu (2011), Lam et al. (2012), Chen and Tsou (2012), Moghadam et al. (2013), Hirschhold et al. (2014), Irfan et al. (2014), Mehralian et al. (2016, 2017), Kholopane (2016), Al-Dhaafri et al. (2016), Basu and Bhola (2016), Aquilani et al. (2017), Ebrahimi and Rad (2017), Fariash et al. (2017), Pradhan (2017), Arshad et al. (2018)

Table 3 List of QMP factors with frequency of consideration by various researchers

<i>Sl. no.</i>	<i>Critical success factors</i>	<i>Acronym</i>	<i>Frequency of consideration</i>	<i>% frequency of consideration</i>	<i>Cumulative frequency</i>	<i>Cumulative %</i>	<i>Ranking</i>
1	Top management support/top management commitment and leadership styles	TMS&LS	124	16	124	16%	1
2	Customer orientation/customer focus/customer satisfaction	CS&F	109	14	233	30%	2
3	Supplier quality management	SQM	70	9	303	39%	3
4	Employee education and training	EE&T	58	7	361	46%	4
5	Process management	PM	57	7	418	53%	5
6	Employee involvement	EI	48	6	466	60%	6
7	Human resource management	HRM	42	5	508	65%	7
8	Continuous improvement	CI	35	4	543	69%	8
9	Business results	BR	29	4	572	73%	9
10	Team work	TW	28	4	600	77%	10
11	Benchmarking	BM	22	3	622	80%	11
12	Employee empowerment	EE	19	2	641	82%	12
13	Information and analysis	IA	15	2	656	84%	13
14	Communication	Comm	15	2	671	86%	14
15	Strategic quality planning	STQP	13	2	684	87%	15
16	Quality data reporting	QDR	12	2	696	89%	16
17	Strategic planning process	SPP	12	2	708	91%	17
18	Process design	Proc. design	12	2	720	92%	18
19	Product and service design	Prod. design	11	1	731	93%	19
20	Rewards and recognition	R&R	11	1	742	95%	20
21	Quality culture	QC	10	1	752	96%	21
22	Design quality management	DQM	10	1	762	97%	22
23	Quality improvement system	QIS	7	1	769	98%	23
24	Vision and plan statement	VPS	7	1	776	99%	24
25	Operational quality planning	OPS	6	1	782	100%	25

5 Sample data

The data was collected from manufacturing SMEs. Initially, for pilot-study, data was collected from 50 SMEs using 11-QMP factors scale to get feedback about factors, its items, its correctness and to fine-tune the QMP scale. The respondents were managers/supervisors or entrepreneur and employees of manufacturing SMEs. Based on pilot-study feedback and discussions with quality experts, academicians and SMEs owners, the draft scale was modified. The final scale designed was administered to 750 SMEs of which only 514 responded to the survey with response rate of 68.5%. Table 4 indicate the demographic profile of SMEs and respondents.

Table 4 Demographic characteristics of SMEs and respondents

<i>Characteristics of SMEs and respondents</i>			<i>Number</i>	<i>%</i>
Profile of SMEs	Age of firm	Less than 10 years	298	58
		Between 10–20	210	41
		More than 20 years	06	0
	Cost of the projects	INR1–10 lakhs	220	43
		INR11–25 lakhs	96	19
		INR26–50 lakhs	96	19
		INR51 lakhs–1 crore	102	20
	Size of firm	Less than 10	214	42
		Between 11–25	282	55
		Between 26–50	18	4
Status of QMP in SMEs	High	226	44	
	Low	288	56	
Profile of respondents	Gender	Male	487	95
		Female	27	5
	Average monthly salary	Less than INR5,000	00	0
		INR5,000–10,000	132	26
		INR10,000–20,000	268	52
		More than INR20,000	114	22
	Experience	Between 0–10 years	423	82
		Between 11–25 years	82	16
		Between 26–50 years	08	2
		More than 50 years	01	0
	Qualification	ITI	00	0
		Diploma	105	20
		Undergraduate	139	27
		Graduate	157	31
	Age of the employee	Postgraduation	114	22
		Between 20–30 years	272	53
		Between 30–40 years	202	39
		Between 40–50 years	37	7
	Type of job	Between 50–60 years	03	1
Technical		400	78	
Non-technical		114	22	

5.1 Profile of SMEs

Out of 750 SMEs, only 514 SMEs responded to the survey and majority (at 58%) of SMEs took part in the survey were less than ten years old and most (at 43%) of them involved were handling projects ranging between the INR1 to 10 lakhs; most of the firms (at 55%) participated in the survey were having employees in the range of 11 to 25 numbers. Further, with regard to status of QMP implementation, only 44% of SMEs had high level of QMP and 32% of SMEs had moderate level of implementation and 24% of SMEs represented low level of implementation.

5.2 Profile of respondents

The male respondents constituted the majority (at 95%) of the sample and majority (at 52%) of SMEs paid average salary ranging between Rs.10,000 to Rs.20,000. The respondents having experience up to ten years constituted the single largest category (at 82%) of the sample. The graduates constituted single largest category of respondents (at 31%) followed by undergraduates (at 27%). The respondents from age group of 20 to 30 years constituted single largest category (at 53%) of sample while those aged between 30–40 years was 39%. The technical staff constituted vast majority (at 78%) of sample and 22% of sample were non-technical staff.

6 Scale development and validation

By considering 11-QMP factors (critical/vital factors frequently considered as mentioned in Pareto analysis, Table 2) with 112 items, the initial draft scale was developed by avoiding use of compound or double-barrelled items and complex vocabulary. Further, these items were revised based on opinions collected from subject experts of Quality Circle Forum of India (QCFI) and entrepreneurs of various firms. This assisted in improving and checking content validity of QMP scale. Acknowledging the feedback, draft scale was modified and final measuring scale was designed consisting of 11-QMP factors with 81 items. The QMP scale consisted of two parts namely:

- 1 general information (firm and respondent)
- 2 81 QMP items corresponding to 11-QMP factors.

The items were all on five-point Likert scale, with phrases of strongly agree and strongly disagree on point 5 and 1, respectively. The finalised QMP scale was administered to 750 manufacturing SMEs and 514 valid responses returned back and 19 responses were discarded due to partial and missing values. This resulted in responses rate of 68.5% for further analysis.

Table 5 KMO and Bartlett's test

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin measure of sampling adequacy		.874
Bartlett's test of sphericity	Approx. chi-square	7,275.176
	df	946
	Sig.	.000

For the purpose of checking adequacy of collected data sample, Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin (KMO) statistic was performed. The test statistic yielded value 0.874 which is considered to be adequate (Kaiser and Rice, 1974) for conducting factor analysis. The KMO statistics along with the Barlett's test of sphericity, a measure of multivariate normality of data sample (DoF. 946, Sig. 0.00) is mentioned in Table 5. This indicated that values are significant and there exist non-zero correlation.

6.1 Exploratory factor analysis

EFA was performed on 11-QMP factors to ascertain the hidden dimensions by logically grouping variables or attributes. EFA with varimax rotation was employed to extract the items essential for factors. The EFA yielded nine-QMP factors explaining 69.82% of the total variance. The factors with eigenvalues > 1 (Kaiser criterion) and by considering the factor loadings above 0.5 and based on the items loading on each factor, they were labelled as follows:

- Factor 1 top management commitment and leadership
- Factor 2 employee education and training
- Factor 3 supplier quality management
- Factor 4 employee involvement
- Factor 5 customer focus and satisfaction
- Factor 6 process management
- Factor 7 human resource management
- Factor 8 continuous improvement
- Factor 9 benchmarking.

These items with loadings are shown in Table 6. The reliability coefficient of items in the questionnaire was 0.875 Cronbach's alpha value, which indicated that all nine-QMP factors had acceptable reliabilities (Kline, 1998).

6.2 Confirmatory factor analysis

Before performing CFA, data was tested for any missing items or entries, since it often problematic for the estimation of SEM. To assess the validity of nine-QMP factors with 51 items, CFA using AMOS 22 software was performed with maximum likelihood method. This process will eliminate those items with loading coefficients less than 0.5. The CFA assess factor validity (Zakuan et al., 2009) through proper testing and validation. It is based on comparison of variance-covariance matrix obtained from collected data to the one obtained from the model (Van Prooijen and Van Der Kloot, 2001). The model fit is usually analysed through set of fit indices namely: goodness fit index (GFI), adjusted goodness of fit index (AGFI), comparative fit index (CFI), incremental fit index (IFI) and Tucker-Lewis coefficient (TLI) all these indices must be close to 1.0 for perfect fit (Bentler, 1992; Byrne, 2016). While, error approximation in data is represented by root mean square error of approximation (RMSEA) must be less than 0.08 (Browne and Cudeck, 1993). The CFA was performed confirmed seven-QMP

factors model with adequate model fit as shown in Figure 2. The model fit indices of the test yielded values above acceptable criterion range as mentioned in Table 7.

Figure 2 Path diagram for seven-factors QMP measurement model (see online version for colours)

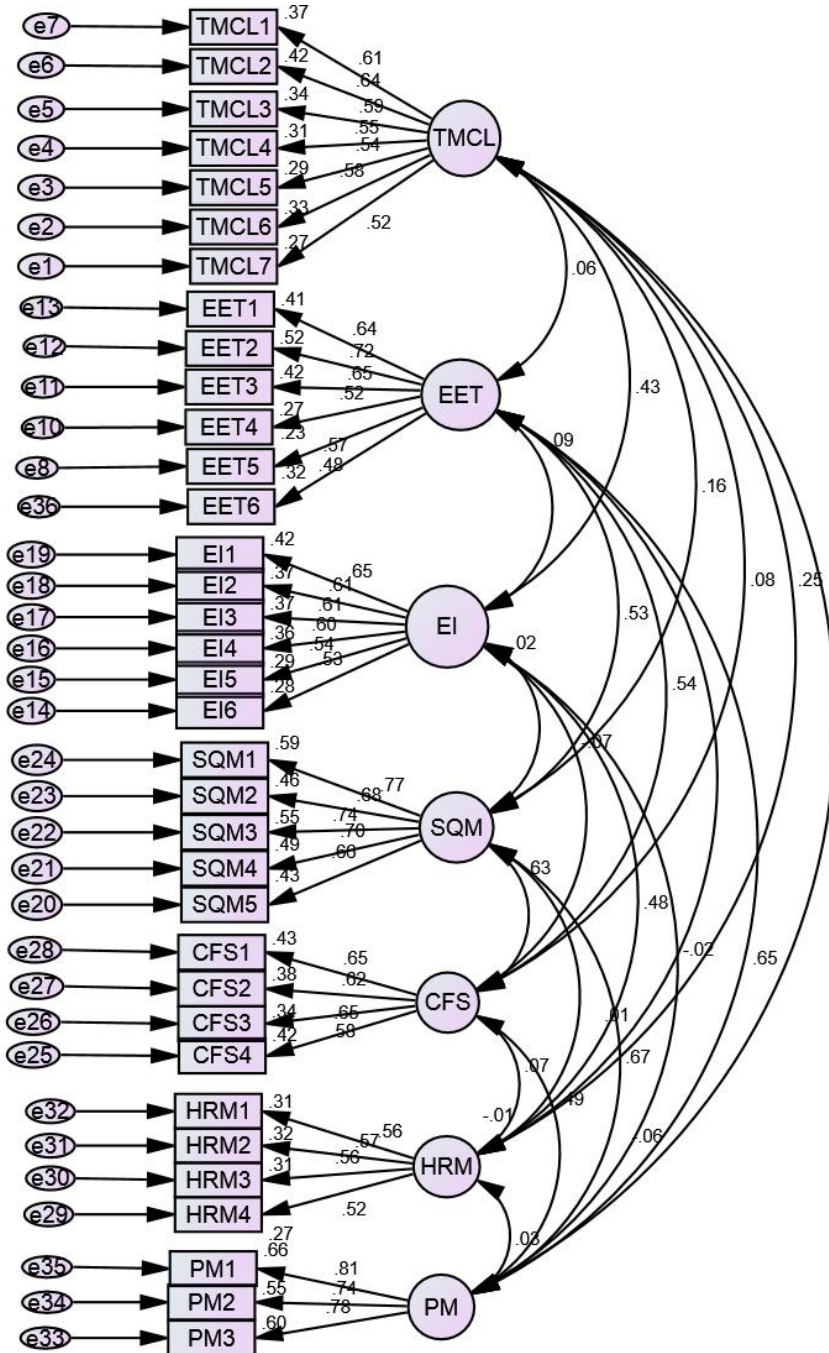


Table 6 Factor loadings of QMP factors by EFA

<i>QMP factors</i>	<i>Measurable values/items</i>	<i>Weights</i>	<i>Eigenvalues</i>	<i>Variance</i>	<i>Accumulated</i>
Top management commitment and leadership (TMCL)	Identification of areas of improvement	0.878	9.029	27.361	23.086
	Quality improvement steering committee	0.860			
	Leadership commitment	0.837			
	Organisation quality mission and policies	0.810			
	Management reviews	0.794			
	Continuous improvement of processes	0.749			
	Monitoring quality management activities	0.719			
	Periodic customer satisfaction survey	0.687			
	Quality related responsibility	0.861	3.926	11.897	32.317
	Training on quality principles	0.809			
Employee education and training (EET)	Identification of training needs	0.791			
	Training on job related skills	0.754			
	Continuous learning programs	0.729			
	Top management always updates their knowledge	0.678			
	Training to identify and act on quality improvement opportunities	0.534			
	Long-term relationship	0.769	2.291	6.941	40.068
	Quality audits	0.681			
	Few suppliers	0.655			
	Supplier involvement in quality improvement	0.630			
	Suppliers are selected based on quality aspects	0.620			
Employee involvement (EI)	Suppliers provide relevant quality records	0.576			
	Employee commitment	0.818	1.595	4.834	46.893
	Participation in quality decisions	0.806			
	Quality awareness to employees	0.711			
	On-job training	0.709			
	Co-workers value other employees' contribution	0.603			
	Teamwork and participation	0.593			
	Consideration of employee's thought to make quality decision	0.533			

Table 6 Factor loadings of QMP factors by EFA (continued)

<i>QMP factors</i>	<i>Measurable values/items</i>	<i>Weights</i>	<i>Eigenvalues</i>	<i>Variance</i>	<i>Accumulated</i>
Customer focus and satisfaction (CFS)	Delivery of quality products	0.715	1.453	4.402	52.277
	Product reliability	0.626			
	Focus on product quality	0.591			
	Resolving customers complaints	0.542			
	Customers' requirements addressed in the product design procedures	0.513			
Process management (PM)	Assessing of current customers' needs and expectations	0.509	1.354	4.102	57.247
	Reduction of cycle time	0.781			
	Standard operating procedure	0.731			
	Inspections, review or checking of work	0.641			
	Measure to ensure process yields quality outputs	0.597			
Human resource management (HRM)	The employees are involved in different processes and know how to evaluate them	0.582	1.188	3.601	61.800
	Roles, responsibilities and authorities	0.852			
	Leadership role in QM	0.774			
	Employee well-being	0.721			
	Reward and recognition	0.599			
Continuous improvement (CI)	Adequate and fair compensation	0.520	1.111	3.366	65.870
	Reinforce continuous study	0.782			
	Active improvement teams	0.736			
	Product quality design	0.754			
	Feedback on performances	0.681			
Benchmarking (BM)	Reducing product cost	0.754	1.096	3.322	69.825
	Periodical revision of the performance measures	0.689			
	Commitment to change expressed in strategic plans	0.512			

Table 7 Model fit indices for seven-QMP factors

<i>Model fit indices</i>	<i>QMP factors</i>							<i>Acceptable criterion range</i>
	<i>TMCL</i>	<i>EET</i>	<i>EI</i>	<i>SQM</i>	<i>CFS</i>	<i>HRM</i>	<i>PM</i>	
χ^2/df	1.834	2.235	2.010	1.999	0.360	1.531	0.981	Less than 3
GFI	0.981	0.962	0.990	0.901	0.925	0.943	0.969	Greater than 0.9 or close to 1
AGFI	0.968	0.971	0.977	0.992	0.965	0.911	0.952	
CFI	0.988	0.979	0.985	0.995	1.000	0.998	0.986	
IFI	0.988	0.979	0.985	0.995	1.002	0.988	0.986	
TLI	0.980	0.680	0.975	0.990	1.006	0.993	0.972	
RMSEA	0.042	0.058	0.047	0.033	0.000	0.024	0.049	Less than 0.08

The standardised regression weights for all factors are shown in Table 8 and are significant at the 0.05 level. The CFA model of seven-QMP factors with 35 items indicated factor loadings or estimates in the range of 0.50 to 0.81 which is above the acceptance criterion of 0.3, indicating convergent validity. The R-squared loadings are in the range of 0.23–0.66 and it represents the percentage variation in the 35 items. The path diagram of seven-QMP factors is shown in Figure 2. The chi-square statistics was 734.625 (df = 536 and p = 0.000), χ^2 / df ratio = 1.371, GFI = .928, AGFI = .915, IFI = .959, TLI = .954, CFI = .959 (indices > 9 indicates good model fit) and RMSEA = 0.027 (errors of approximation, smaller is better). All the major fit indices of the CFA model indicated good fit and model proposed for QMP consisting of seven factors with 35 items has construct validity, i.e., all the seven factors and their respective items can effectively measure the QMP in manufacturing SMEs.

Table 8 Standardised coefficient estimates and square loadings values of seven QMP factors

<i>Parameters</i>	<i>QMP factors</i>							<i>Acceptable criterion range</i>
	<i>TMCL</i>	<i>EET</i>	<i>EI</i>	<i>SQM</i>	<i>CFS</i>	<i>HRM</i>	<i>PM</i>	
Factor loading or standardised coefficient estimates	.62	.72	.65	.77	.65	.57	.81	Greater than 0.30 shows convergent validity
	.60	.65	.61	.74	.65	.56	.74	
	.59	.64	.61	.70	.62	.56	.78	
	.59	.57	.60	.68	.58	.52		
	.56	.52	.54	.66				
	.53	.48	.53					
Squared loadings (percentage of variation)	.50							
	.39	.41	.42	.59	.43	.31	.66	
	.36	.52	.37	.46	.38	.32	.55	
	.34	.42	.37	.55	.34	.32	.60	
	.32	.27	.36	.49	.42	.27		
	.35	.23	.29	.43				
	.25	.32	.28					
.28								

7 Discussion and conclusions

In highly dynamic and competitive environment, QMP help firms to survive and gain competitive advantage. Out of 514 surveyed manufacturing SMEs, around 226 SMEs (44%) reported to have high level of QMP implementation. Probably, it is safe to assume that Indian manufacturing SMEs are aware about QMP and its benefits. Further, the responses obtained are expected to be reliable since all the surveyed SMEs have high level of awareness about QMP.

From literature, it is evident that very few studies have developed QMP model suitable for SMEs context (Kalpande et al., 2013; Sahoo and Yadav, 2018). QMP implementation is country dependent (Sila and Ebrahimpour, 2002) and it is firm specific (Dean and Bowen, 1994). Over the late few decades, many studies on QMP in Indian SMEs have exploded and researchers have expressed need for more systematic studies in depth. Indian SMEs are in need of easy, pragmatic and appropriate QMP approach which can guide them for the way forward to success. From the published literature in Indian context, many studies have been attempted, but it is limited and seems to be rigid and not apt for SMEs. The ones which have been developed have randomly identified factors using limited responses from quality managers/owners/CEOs/top managers on the basis of their subjective evaluations (Sahoo and Yadav, 2018; Kharub and Sharma, 2016) and validated the factors through sample mean comparison (Mallur et al., 2012). It is essential to systematically identify the factors that are to be evaluated, as they verify what the scale will measure with reference to context of study. Further, identified factors must be validated to ensure that, selected factors can clearly measure the concepts or area of interest. The validation of scale will determine the degree to which the identified factors will satisfactorily represent the underlying construct/factors that it is supposed to measure. This presents the research gap on systematic identification and validation of QMP factors in Indian manufacturing SMEs. Thus, the present study has systematically reviewed and analysed literature in SMEs context and 11 vital QMP factors were identified using Pareto analysis and validated using SEM which is often used by researchers in recent times (Henriksen and Pedersen, 2007) by considering specific attributes of Indian manufacturing SMEs. The scale was validated using 514 responses and respondents were managers, owners and employees and factors validity was explored using EFA and CFA and internal consistency was examined using Cronbach's alpha. To the authors' knowledge, there has not been a study which systematically developed QMP scale by considering responses from employees working in the firm. The validation of factors using SEM includes the assessment based on factors loadings, GOF indices and squared loadings. The developed seven-QMP factors measurement model has satisfied all the assessment criteria and hence the scale developed is considered valid to measure QMP. The validated QMP scale includes following factors: top management commitment and leadership styles, employee education and training, employee involvement, supplier quality management, customer focus and satisfaction, human resource management and process management. The research findings are consistent with the Malcolm Baldrige Award Criteria and Rajiv Gandhi National Quality Award in India. Similar research findings have been reported by then subject experts (Saraph et al., 1989; Ahire and Golhar, 1996; Samson and Terziovski, 1999) and as well in Indian manufacturing SMEs context (Kharub and Sharma, 2016). Thereby, the results of this study confirm to be reliable for successful QMP implementation in Indian manufacturing SMEs.

QMP is quality oriented management philosophy having its roots in manufacturing sector. To stay competitive, manufacturing SMEs are making modest attempt by embracing various quality practice. The successful implementation of QMP solely depends on top management commitments towards quality inventiveness. The quality managers and owner/entrepreneur of SMEs must take necessary measures to integrate quality practices with organisational goals so they can reap the benefits of QMP like the large-sized firms. Many researchers have identified various QMP factors and framework, but all are not similar (Majumdar, 2016), since it is context dependent (Bishop, 2018) and this would baffle QMP implementation (Nitin et al., 2011). This way, the present study fills research gap by validating the identified seven-QMP factors. The QMP factors identified and validated are based on the actual QMP factors practiced in manufacturing SMEs. Further, the identified factors are validated using empirical data and employee's perceptions on QMP in manufacturing SMEs with acceptable reliability value of 0.875. This would assist SMEs managers and owners to identify the key areas to focus upon and address them on priority basis by choosing right tools/practices at the right time in the right way to improve product quality and performance-levels. Further, the factors considered for the study are those, that are currently practiced by SMEs, thus by effective and careful implementation of seven-QMP factors, firms can realise high quality product and long-term sustainable growth.

The QMP scale developed has high validity for Indian manufacturing SMEs, as the data was collected from 514 respondents of Indian manufacturing SMEs. For the present study, data came from managers, owners and employees working in Indian manufacturing SMEs, however, previous studies [162 general managers and 89 quality managers of 20 companies (Saraph et al., 1989), 371 manufacturing firms (Ahire et al., 1996), 62 quality managers/CEOs (Motwani, 2001b), and 139 production managers or quality managers (Salaheldin, 2009)] used the data collected from managers or quality analysts or CEOs/owners with limited sample size. The collection of data from more than one respondent from each firm will reduce the tendency of getting over-assertive responses.

In summary, the scale appears to be valid and reliable to evaluate and measure QMP implementation in Indian manufacturing SMEs. The factor top management commitment and leadership, is a predominant factor and QMP implementation is mainly dependent on management support and initiatives (Ugboro and Obeng, 2000) and it influences other QMP factors (Anderson, 1995; Kaynak, 2003). The other six factors are supporting blocks to strengthen the base of QMP implementation. SMEs can implement the seven-QMP factors model and begin their quality journey with improved business performance.

In developing countries, SMEs play a very crucial role by contributing to the economic growth and generating employment. Likewise, in India, around 95% of industrial units (3.4 million) are in SMEs sector with 40% in manufacturing sector and 40% of industrial production. In view of this, the growth and success of SMEs will have direct influence on economic growth of the country. This paper presents a reliable and valid QMP scale for Indian manufacturing SMEs with empirical insights. This can support Indian policy-makers, enterprises owners and business associations like Confederation of Indian Industry (CII) to make informed decision regarding quality improvement initiatives in SMEs context.

In India, 95% of industrial units (3.4 million) are in small-scale sector with a 40% value addition in the manufacturing sector. Enterprises of this type provide the second

highest employment level after agriculture and account for the 40% of industrial production. These units contribute 35% to India's exports. In this setting, Indian SMEs are fundamentally important to the Indian economic system. Their potential to generate employment, bolster exports and bring flexibility into India's business environment deserves close attention and support from India's policy-makers.

References

- Abdollahi, H., Razm, K. and Tan, H. (2014) 'TQM and market orientation's impact on SMEs' performance', *Management Science Letters*, Vol. 4, No. 5, pp.887–892.
- Abdullah, A. (2007) *Study of Total Quality Management (TQM) Application by Malaysian Small and Medium-sized Manufacturing Enterprises (SMEs)*, Cardiff University, UK.
- Abdullah, Bin M.M., Uli, J. and Tari, J.J. (2008) 'The influence of soft factors on quality Improvement and performance', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 20, No. 5, pp.435–452.
- Abdullah, M.M. and Uli, J. (2007) 'Direct, indirect and total effect of critical soft factors on organizational performance: evidence from Malaysian electrical and electronics firms', *Unitar e-Journal*, Vol. 3, No. 2, pp.11–26.
- Abubakar, R.A. and Mahmood, R. (2016) 'Firm resource advantage, total quality management, SME performance: empirical evidence from Nigerian manufacturing firms', *MAYFEB Journal of Business and Management*, Vol. 1.
- Abuzaid, A.N. (2015) 'Examination the impact of total quality management practices in achieving strategic agility: applied study on the Jordanian private hospitals', *European Journal of Business and Management*, Vol. 7, No. 27, pp.87–96.
- Agbola, R.M. and Ankrah, E. (2013) 'Does total quality management affect the performance of small and medium enterprises? A case of manufacturing SMEs in Ghana', *World Appl. Sci. J.*, Vol. 28, pp.01–09.
- Agus, A. (2005) 'The structural linkages between TQM, product quality performance, and business performance: preliminary empirical study in electronics companies', *Singapore Management Review*, Vol. 27, No. 1, p.87.
- Ahire, S.L. and Golhar, D.Y. (1996) 'Quality management in large vs small firms', *Journal of Small Business Management*, Vol. 34, No. 2, p.1.
- Ahire, S.L., Golhar, D.Y. and Waller, M.A. (1996) 'Development and validation of TQM implementation constructs', *Decision Sciences*, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp.23–56.
- Ahmad, M.F., Yin, J.C.S., Wei, C.S., Rahman, N.A.A., Nor, N.H.M., Hassan, M.F. and Hashim, F.A. (2017) 'The relationship between TQM practices with tqm tools and techniques in small and medium enterprise (SMEs)', in *MATEC Web of Conferences*, Vol. 135, p.00044, EDP Sciences.
- Aich, S., Muduli, K., Onik, M.M.H. and Kim, H.C. (2018) 'A novel approach to identify the best practices of quality management in SMES based on critical success factors using interpretive structural modeling (ISM)', *International Journal of Engineering & Technology*, Vol. 7, No. 3.29, pp.130–133.
- Al-Dhaafri, H.S., Al-Swidi, A.K. and Yusoff, R.Z.B. (2016) 'The mediating role of total quality management between the entrepreneurial orientation and the organizational performance', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 28, No. 1, pp.89–111.
- Al-Ettayem, R. and Zu'bi, M.F. (2015) 'Investigating the effect of total quality management practices on organizational performance in the Jordanian banking sector', *International Business Research*, Vol. 8, No. 3, p.79.
- Al-Khalifa, K. and Aspinwall, E. (2008) 'Critical success factors of TQM: a UK study', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 3, No. 4, pp.430–443.

- Almansour, Y.M. (2012) 'The impact of total quality management components on small and medium enterprises' financial performance in Jordan', *Journal of Arts, Science & Commerce*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp.87–91
- Al-Nofal, A., Al-Omair, N. and Zairi, M. (2005) *Critical Factors of TQM: An Update on the Literature*, School of Management, University of Bradford.
- Al-Nofal, A., Zairi, M. and Ahmed, A.M. (2004) *Critical Factors of TQM: An International Comparative Benchmarking Analysis*, Working papers, Vol. 4, No. 11, School of Management, University of Bradford, UK.
- Alolayyan, M.N., Ali, K.A.M. and Idris, F. (2013) 'Total quality management and operational flexibility impact on hospitals performance: a structural modelling approach', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 11, No. 2, pp.212–227.
- Al-Refaie, A. and Hanayneh, B. (2014) 'Influences of TPM, TQM, Six Sigma practices on firms performance in Jordan', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 13, No. 2, pp.219–234.
- Al-Refaie, A. and Hanayneh, B. (2014) 'Influences of TPM, TQM, Six Sigma practices on firms performance in Jordan', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 13, No. 2, pp.219–234.
- Anderson, E. (1995) 'High tech v. high touch: a case study of TQM implementation in higher education', *Managing Service Quality: An International Journal*, Vol. 5, No. 2, pp.48–56.
- Anderson, J.C., Schroeder, R.G. and Rungtusanatham, M. (1994) 'A theory of quality management underlying the Deming management method', *Academy of Management Review*, Vol. 19, No. 3, pp.472–509.
- Anderson, M. and Sohal, A.S. (1999) 'A study of the relationship between quality management practices and performance in small businesses', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 16, No. 9, pp.859–877.
- Anil, A.P. and Satish, K.P. (2016) 'Investigating the relationship between TQM practices and firm's performance: a conceptual framework for Indian organizations', *Procedia Technology*, Vol. 24, pp.554–561.
- Anschutz, E.E. (1995) *TQM America*, McGuinn & McGuire Publishing, Bradenton, Fla.
- Antony, J., Leung, K., Knowles, G. and Gosh, S. (2002) 'Critical success factors of TQM implementation in Hong Kong industries', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 19, No. 5, pp.551–566.
- Aquilani, B., Silvestri, C., Ruggieri, A. and Gatti, C. (2017) 'A systematic literature review on total quality management critical success factors and the identification of new avenues of research', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp.184–213.
- Arawati, A. (2005) 'The structural linkages between TQM, product quality performance, and business performance: preliminary empirical study in electronics companies', *Singapore Management Review*, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp.87–105.
- Arshad, K.N.M., Halipah, A.H. and Omar, R.C. (2018) 'The effect of organizational culture towards total quality management (TQM) implementation in Malaysia public organization', *Management*, Vol. 5, No. 3, pp.1–11.
- Arshida, M.M. and Agil, S.O. (2012) *Critical Success Factors for Total Quality Management Implementation within the Libyan Iron and Steel Company*, Graduate School of Business, Tun Abdul Razak University.
- Arumugam, V., Ooi, K-B. and Fong, T-C. (2008) 'TQM practices and quality management performance: an investigation of their relationship using data from ISO 9001:2000 firms in Malaysia', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 20, No. 6, pp.636–650.
- Arumugam, V.C., Mojtahedzadeh, R. and Malarvizhi, C.A. (2011) 'Critical success factors of total quality management and their impact on performance of Iranian Automotive Industry', in *International Conference on Innovation, Management and Service*, Vol. 14, No. 2, pp.312–316.

- Awan, H.M., Bhatti, M., Bukhari, K. and Qureshi, M. (2008) 'Critical success factors of TQM: impact on business performance of manufacturing sector in Pakistan', *International Journal of Business and Management Science*, Vol. 1, No. 2, p.187.
- Azizaman, N.M.M.N., Ariff, M.S.M., Zakuan, N. and Ismail, K. (2015) 'ISO 9001:2008 implementation in higher education: does it contributes to the student satisfaction?', in *the Role of Service in the Tourism & Hospitality Industry: Proceedings of the Annual International Conference on Management and Technology in Knowledge, Service, Tourism & Hospitality 2014 (SERVE 2014)*, CRC Press, Gran Melia, Jakarta, Indonesia, 23–24 August 2014, March, p.45.
- Bahri, S., Hamzah, D. and Yusuf, R.M. (2012) 'Implementation of total quality management and its effect on organizational performance of manufacturing industries through organizational culture in south Sulawesi, Indonesia', *Studies*, Vol. 18, p.19.
- Baidoun, S. (2004) 'The implementation of TQM philosophy in Palestinian organization: a proposed non-prescriptive generic framework', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 16, No. 3, pp.174–185.
- Baidoun, S. and Zairi, M. (2003) 'A proposed model of TQM implementation in the Palestinian context', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 14, No. 10, pp.1193–1211.
- Baird, K., Hu, K.J. and Reeve, R. (2011) 'The relationships between organizational culture, total quality management practices and operational performance', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 31, No. 7, pp.789–814.
- Basu, R. and Bhola, P. (2016) 'Impact of quality management practices on performance stimulating growth: empirical evidence from Indian IT enabled service SMEs', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 33, No. 8, pp.1179–1201.
- Beer, M. (2003) 'Why total quality management programs do not persist: the role of management quality and implications for leading a TQM transformation', *Decision Sciences*, Vol. 34, No. 4, pp.623–642.
- Beheshti, H. and Lollar, J. (2003) 'An empirical study of US SMEs using TQM', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 14, No. 8, pp.839–847.
- Bentler, P.M. (1992) 'On the fit of models to covariances and methodology to the bulletin', *Psychological Bulletin*, Vol. 112, No. 3, p.400.
- Bergman, B. and Klefsjö, B. (2010) *Quality from Customer Needs to Customer Satisfaction*, Studentlitteratur AB.
- Bishop, T. (2018) 'How to build quality management in a small to medium enterprise', *Muma Business Review*, pp.309–330.
- Black, S.A. and Porter, L.J. (1996) 'Identification of the critical factors of TQM', *Decision Sciences*, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp.1–21.
- Boon Ooi, K., Abu Bakar, N., Arumugam, V., Vellapan, L. and Kim Yin Loke, A. (2007) 'Does TQM influence employees' job satisfaction? An empirical case analysis', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp.62–77.
- Bou, J.C. and Beltrán, I. (2005) 'Total quality management, high-commitment human resource strategy and firm performance: an empirical study', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 16, No. 1, pp.71–86.
- Bou-Llugar, J.C., Escrig-Tena, A.B., Roca-Puig, V. and Beltrán-Martín, I. (2009) 'An empirical assessment of the EFQM excellence model: evaluation as a TQM framework relative to the MBNQA model', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp.1–22.
- Brah, S.A. and Lim, H.Y. (2006) 'The effects of technology and TQM on the performance of logistics companies', *International Journal of Physical Distribution & Logistics Management*, Vol. 36, No. 3, pp.192–209.
- Brkic, V.K.S., Djurdjevic, T., Dondur, N., Klarin, M.M. and Tomic, B. (2013) 'An empirical examination of the impact of quality tools application on business performance: evidence from Serbia', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 24, Nos. 5–6, pp.607–618.

- Browne, M.W. and Cudeck, R. (1993) 'Alternative ways of assessing model fit', *Sage Focus Editions*, Vol. 154, p.136.
- Brun, A. (2011) 'Critical success factors of Six Sigma implementations in Italian companies', *International Journal of Production Economics*, Vol. 131, No. 1, pp.158–164.
- Byrne, B.M. (2016) 'Adaptation of assessment scales in cross-national research: issues, guidelines, and caveats', *International Perspectives in Psychology: Research, Practice, Consultation*, Vol. 5, No. 1, p.51.
- Cassar, V. (1999) 'Can leader direction and employee participation co-exist? Investigating interaction effects between participation and favourable work-related attitudes among Maltese middle-managers', *Journal of Managerial Psychology*, Vol. 14, No. 1, pp.57–68.
- Cetindere, A., Duran, C. and Yetisen, M.S. (2015) 'The effects of total quality management on the business performance: an application in the province of Kütahya', *Procedia Economics and Finance*, Vol. 23, pp.1376–1382.
- Chapman, R. and Al-Khawaldeh, K. (2002) 'TQM and labour productivity in Jordanian industrial companies', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 14, No. 4, pp.248–262.
- Chen, J.S. and Tsou, H.T. (2012) 'Performance effects of IT capability, service process innovation, and the mediating role of customer service', *Journal of Engineering and Technology Management*, Vol. 29, No. 1, pp.71–94.
- Chepkoech, A. (2015) *Factors Influencing Implementation of Total Quality Management in Manufacturing Firms: A Case of Bidco Oil Refineries Limited, Thika Kenya*, Doctoral dissertation, MA Thesis, University of Nairobi.
- Cherrington, D.J. (1995) *The Management of Human Resources*, 4th ed., Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey.
- Chileshe, N. (2007) 'Quality management concepts, principles, tools and philosophies: a valid methodology for deployment within UK construction-related SMEs', *Journal of Engineering, Design and Technology*, Vol. 5, No. 1, pp.49–67.
- Chittenden, F., Poutziouris, P. and Mukhtar, S.M. (1998) 'Small firms and the ISO 9000 approach to quality management', *International Small Business Journal*, Vol. 17, No. 1, pp.73–88.
- Claver-Cortés, E., Pereira-Moliner, J., José Tarí, J. and Molina-Azorín, J.F. (2008) 'TQM, managerial factors and performance in the Spanish hotel industry', *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, Vol. 108, No. 2, pp.228–244.
- Conca, F.J., Llopis, J. and Tar, J.J. (2004) 'Development of a measure to assess quality management in certified firms', *European Journal of Operational Research*, Vol. 156, No. 3, pp.683–697.
- Corbett, L.M. and Rastrick, K.N. (2000) 'Quality performance and organizational culture: a New Zealand study', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 17, No. 1, pp.14–26.
- Crosby, P.B. (1979) *Quality is Free*, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- Dale, B.G. and Cooper, C.L. (1994) 'Introducing TQM: the role of senior management', *Management Decision*, Vol. 32, No. 1, pp.20–26.
- Das, A., Paul, H., Swierczek, F.W. and Laosirihongthong, T. (2006) 'A measurement instrument for TQM implementation in the Thai manufacturing industry', *International Journal of Innovation and Technology Management*, Vol. 3, No. 04, pp.361–377.
- Dean Jr., J.W. and Bowen, D.E. (1994) 'Management theory and total quality: improving research and practice through theory development', *Academy of Management Review*, Vol. 19, No. 3, pp.392–418.
- Dean, J.W. and Evans, J.R. (1994) *Total Quality, Management, Organization and Strategy*, West Publishing Company, Minneapolis, MN.
- Dedy, A.N., Zakuan, N., Bahari, A.Z., Ariff, M.S.M., Chin, T.A. and Saman, M.Z.M. (2016) 'Identifying critical success factors for TQM and employee performance in Malaysian automotive industry: a literature review', in *IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering*, May, Vol. 131, No. 1, p.012016, IOP Publishing.

- del Alonso-Almeida, M.M., Bagur-Femenías, L. and Llach, J. (2015) 'The adoption of quality management practices and their impact on business performance in small service companies: the case of Spanish travel agencies', *Service Business*, Vol. 9, No. 1, pp.57–75.
- Demirbag, M., Lenny Koh, S.C., Tatoglu, E. and Zaim, S. (2006a) 'TQM and market orientation's impact on SMEs' performance', *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, Vol. 106, No. 8, pp.1206–1228.
- Demirbag, M., Tatoglu, E., Tekinkus, M. and Zaim, S. (2006b) 'An analysis of the relationship between TQM 30 Rouhollah Mojtahedzadeh, Veeri Chettiar Arumugam implementation and organizational performance: evidence from Turkish SMEs', *Journal of Manufacturing Technology Management*, Vol. 17, No. 6, pp.829–47.
- Deshmukh, S.V. and Lakhe, R.R. (2010) 'Six Sigma awareness in Central Indian SMEs', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 5, No. 2, pp.200–212.
- Dubey, R., Gunasekaran, A., Childe, S.J., Papadopoulos, T., Hazen, B.T. and Roubaud, D. (2018) 'Examining top management commitment to TQM diffusion using institutional and upper echelon theories', *International Journal of Production Research*, Vol. 56, No. 8, pp.2988–3006.
- Dubey, S.S. and Kumar, A. (2017) 'Literature review on implementation of total quality management', *International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET)*, February, Vol. 4, No. 2, e-ISSN: 2395 -0056.
- Ebrahimi, Z.F. and Rad, R.H. (2017) 'The relationship between TQM practices and role stressors', *International Journal of Management Practice*, Vol. 10, No. 3, pp.295–325.
- Eisen, H., Mulraney, B.J. and Sohal, A.S. (1992) 'Impediments to the adoption of modern quality management practices', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 9, No. 5.
- Erginel, N. (2005) 'The view of the 8 quality principles of TQM on small and middle scale enterprises in Turkey', in *EOQ Congress*, Antalya, Turkey.
- Evans, J.R. and Jack, E.P. (2003) 'Validating key results linkages in the Baldrige performance excellence model', *Quality Management Journal*, Vol. 10, No. 2, pp.7–24.
- Falle, S., Rauter, R., Engert, S. and Baumgartner, R.J. (2016) 'Sustainability management with the sustainability balanced scorecard in SMEs: findings from an Austrian case study', *Sustainability*, Vol. 8, No. 6, p.545.
- Fard, F.S., Mansor, N.N.A., Mohamed, A. and Bahru, J. (2011) 'The critical success factors of performance measurement for Malaysian SMES in manufacturing sectors: a proposed framework', in *Proceeding of the 2nd International Conference on Business and Economic Research*, March.
- Farish, K., Anil, A.P. and Satish, K. (2017) 'Effect of TQM practices on financial performance through innovation performance – in Indian manufacturing context', *International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol. 4, No. 7, pp.2649–2655.
- Fatemi, S.M., Wei, C.C. and Moayerifard, H. (2016) 'CSFs for total quality management (TQM) in service organizations', *International Journal of Academic Research in Business and Social Sciences*, Vol. 6, No. 1, pp.254–264.
- Feigenbaum, A.V. (1983) *Total Quality Control*, 3rd ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, NY.
- Fening, F.A. (2012) 'Impact of quality management practices on the performance and growth of small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs) in Ghana', *International Journal of Business and Social Science*, Vol. 3, No. 13.
- Fening, F.A., Amaria, P. and Frempong, E.O. (2013) 'Linkages between total quality management and organizational survival in manufacturing companies in Ghana', *International Journal of Business and Social Science*, Vol. 4, No. 10, pp.1–15.
- Fening, F.A., Pesakovic, G. and Amaria, P. (2008) 'Relationship between quality management practices and the performance of small and medium size enterprises (SMEs) in Ghana', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 25, No. 7, pp.694–708.

- Flynn, B.B., Schroeder, R.G. and Sakakibara, S. (1994) 'A framework for quality management research and an associated measurement instrument', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 11, No. 4, pp.339–366.
- Fonseca, L.M. (2015) 'From quality gurus and TQM to ISO 9001: 2015: a review of several quality paths', *International Journal for Quality Research (IJQR)*, Vol. 9, No. 1, pp.167–180.
- Fotopoulos, C.B. and Psomas, E.L. (2009) 'The impact of 'soft' and 'hard' TQM elements on quality management results', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 2, pp.150–163.
- Fryer, K.J., Antony, J. and Douglas, A. (2007) 'Critical success factors of continuous improvement in the public sector: a literature review and some key findings', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 19, No. 5, pp.497–517.
- Fuentes, M.M.F., Montes, F.J.L. and Fernández, L.M.M. (2006) 'Total quality management, strategic orientation and organizational performance: the case of Spanish companies', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 17, No. 3, pp.303–323.
- Gadenne, D. and Sharma, B. (2009) 'An investigation of the hard and soft quality management factors of Australian SMEs and their association with firm performance', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 9, pp.865–880.
- Garvin, D.A. (1987) 'Competing on the eight dimensions of quality', *Harvard Business Review*, Vol. 65, No. 6, pp.101–109.
- Ghobadian, A. and Gallear, D.N. (1996) 'Total quality management in SMEs', *Omega*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp.83–106.
- Goh, P.L. (2000) *The Implementation of Total Quality Management in Small and Medium Enterprises*, Doctoral dissertation, University of Sheffield.
- Goh, P.L. and Ridgway, K. (1994) 'The implementation of total quality management in small and medium-sized manufacturing companies', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 6, No. 2, pp.54–60.
- Grandzol, J.R. and Gershon, M. (1998) 'A survey instrument for standardizing TQM modeling research', *International Journal of Quality Science*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp.80–105.
- Gravin, D.A. (1983) 'Quality on the line', *Harvard Business Review*, September–October, Vol. 61, pp.65–73.
- Guimaraes, T. (1997) 'Assessing employee turnover intentions before/after TQM', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 14, No. 1, pp.46–63.
- Haile, Y.B.D. and Raju, S. (2016) 'The extent of TQM practices in Ethiopian manufacturing firms: an empirical evaluation', *IJAR*, Vol. 2, No. 5, pp.238–244.
- Harris, R., McAdam, R., McCausland, I. and Reid, R. (2013) 'Levels of innovation within SMEs in peripheral regions: the role of business improvement initiatives', *Journal of Small Business and Enterprise Development*, Vol. 20, No. 1, pp.102–124.
- Harvey, D. and Brown, D. (2001) *An Experiential Approach to Organisation Development*, 6th ed., Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.
- Harvey, L. (1995) 'Beyond TQM', *Quality in Higher Education*, Vol. 1, No. 2, pp.123–146.
- Hendricks, K.B. and Singhal, V.R. (1996) 'Quality awards and the market value of the firm: an empirical investigation', *Management Science*, Vol. 42, No. 3, pp.415–436.
- Hendricks, K.B. and Singhal, V.R. (1997) 'Does implementing an effective TQM program actually improve operating performance? Empirical evidence from firms that have won quality awards', *Management Science*, Vol. 43, No. 9, pp.1258–1274.
- Hendricks, K.B. and Singhal, V.R. (1999) 'Don't count TQM out', *Quality Control and Applied Statistics*, Vol. 44, pp.259–260.
- Henriksen, A. and Pedersen, P.E. (2007) 'The application of structural equation modelling in information systems research', in *ECIS*, pp.1469–1480.
- Herzallah, A.M., Gutiérrez-Gutiérrez, L. and Munoz Rosas, J.F. (2014) 'Total quality management practices, competitive strategies and financial performance: the case of the Palestinian industrial SMEs', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 25, Nos. 5–6, pp.635–649.

- Hietschold, N., Reinhardt, R. and Gurtner, S. (2014) 'Measuring critical success factors of TQM implementation successfully – a systematic literature review', *International Journal of Production Research*, Vol. 52, No. 21, pp.6254–6272.
- Hoang, D.T., Igel, B. and Laosirihongthong, T. (2010) 'Total quality management (TQM) strategy and organisational characteristics: evidence from a recent WTO member', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 21, No. 9, pp.931–951.
- Hong, J.W. and Phitayawejwiwat, S. (2005) 'The impact of ISO 9000 certification on quality management practices in Thailand', *Journal of Industrial Technology*, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp.1–6.
- Idris, F. (2011) 'Total quality management (TQM) and sustainable company performances: examining the relationship in Malaysian firms', *International Journal of Business and Society*, Vol. 12, No. 1, p.31.
- Imran, M., Hamid, S. and Aziz, A. (2018) 'The influence of TQM on export performance of SMEs: empirical evidence from manufacturing sector in Pakistan using PLS-SEM', *Management Science Letters*, Vol. 8, No. 5, pp.483–496.
- Irfan, S.M., Kee, D.M.H., Waheed Qureshi, R. and Hussain, R. (2014) 'Identification of critical success factors of TQM implementation in health care sector of Pakistan using Pareto analysis approach', *Science International*, Vol. 26, No. 5.
- Ishikawa, K. (1976) *Guide to Quality Control*, Asian Productivity Organization, Tokyo.
- Jabeen, R., Shehu, A.M., Mahmood, R. and Bambale, A.J. (2015) 'Total quality management dimensions and SME performance: a quantitative approach', *International Postgraduate Business Journal*, Vol. 7, No. 1, pp.21–35.
- Jaca, C. and Psomas, E. (2015) 'Total quality management practices and performance outcomes in Spanish service companies', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 26, Nos. 9–10, pp.958–970.
- Jamali, G., Ebrahimi, M. and Abbaszadeh, M.A. (2010) 'TQM implementation: an investigation of critical success factors', in *2010 International Conference on Education and Management Technology (ICEMT)*, IEEE, November, pp.112–116.
- Jha, U.C. and Kumar, S. (2012) 'Effect of TQM on employee satisfaction', *Journal of Radix International Educational and Research Consortium*, Vol. 1, No. 8, pp.1–15.
- Jimenez-Jimenez, D. and Martinez-Costa, M. (2009) 'The performance effect of HRM and TQM: a study in Spanish organizations', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 29, No. 12, pp.1266–1289.
- Jitpaiboon, T. and Rao, S.S. (2007) 'A meta-analysis of quality measures in manufacturing system', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp.78–102.
- Joseph, I.N., Rajendran, C. and Kamalanabhan, T.J. (1999) 'An instrument for measuring total quality management implementation in manufacturing-based business units in India', *International Journals of Production Research*, Vol. 37, No. 10, pp.2201–15.
- Juergensen, T. (2000) *Continuous Improvement: Mindsets, Capability, Process, Tools and Results*, The Juergensen Consulting Group, Inc., Indianapolis, IN.
- Jung, J.Y., Wang, Y.J. and Wu, S. (2009) 'Competitive strategy, TQM practice, and continuous improvement of international project management: a contingency study', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 2, pp.164–183.
- Juran, J.M. (1974) *Quality Control Handbook*, 3rd ed., McGraw-Hill, New York.
- Juran, J.Y.G. and Gryna, F.F.M. (1993) *Quality Planning and Analysis*, 3rd ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, NY.
- Kaiser, H.F. and Rice, J. (1974) 'Little jiffy, mark IV', *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, Vol. 34, No. 1, pp.111–117.
- Kalpande, S.D., Gupta, R.C. and Dandekar, M.D. (2010) 'Identification of strength and weaknesses of Indian manufacturing SMEs using AHP approach', *International Journal for Quality Research*, Vol. 4, No. 4, pp.263–269.

- Kalpande, S.D., Gupta, R.C. and Dandekar, M.D. (2013) 'Identification of important factors for implementation of TQM in Indian SMEs in context of Vidarbha and Khandesh region', *International Journal of Management and Enterprise Development*, Vol. 12, Nos. 4–6, pp.411–424.
- Kalra, N. and Pant, A. (2013) 'TQM – a management philosophy in Indian automobile industry (NCR)', *International Journal of Management (IJM)*, Vol. 4, No. 6, pp.12–20.
- Kanji, G.K. and Wallace, W. (2000) 'Business excellence through customer satisfaction', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 11, No. 7, pp.979–998.
- Kapur, P.K., Nagpal, S., Khatri, S.K. and Yadavalli, V.S. (2014) 'Critical success factor utility based tool for ERP health assessment: a general framework', *International Journal of System Assurance Engineering and Management*, Vol. 5, No. 2, pp.133–148.
- Karia, N. and Asaari, M.H.A.H. (2006) 'The effects of total quality management practices on employees' work-related attitudes', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 18, No. 1, pp.30–43.
- Karuppusami, G. and Gandhinathan, R. (2006) 'Pareto analysis of critical success factors of total quality management: a literature review and analysis', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 18, No. 4, pp.372–385.
- Kaur, P. and Sharma, S.K. (2014) 'Evaluating the relationship and influence of critical success factors of TQM on business performance: evidence from SMEs of manufacturing sector', *IUP Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 13, No. 4.
- Kaynak, H. (2003) 'The relationship between total quality management practices and their effects on firm performance', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 21, No. 4, pp.405–435.
- Keinan, A.S. and Karugu, J. (2018) 'Total quality management practices and performance of manufacturing firms in Kenya: case of Bamburi Cement Limited', *International Academic Journal of Human Resource and Business Administration*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp.81–99.
- Khamalah, J.N. and Lingaraj, B.P. (2007) 'TQM in the service sector: a survey of small businesses', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 18, No. 9, pp.973–982.
- Khanna, H.K., Sharma, D.D. and Laroija, S.C. (2011) 'Identifying and ranking critical success factors for implementation of total quality management in the Indian manufacturing industry using TOPSIS', *Asian Journal on Quality*, Vol. 12, No. 1, pp.124–138.
- Kharub, M. and Sharma, R.K. (2016) 'Investigating the role of CSF's for successful implementation of quality management practices in MSMEs', *International Journal of System Assurance Engineering and Management*, Vol. 7, No. 1, pp.247–273.
- Kholopane, P. (2016) 'The impact of total quality management system on sustainability of small and medium businesses in South Africa', *IAMOT 2016 – 25th International Association for Management of Technology Conference, Proceedings: Technology – Future Thinking*, pp.1934–1942.
- Kline, R.B. (1998) 'Software review: software programs for structural equation modeling: Amos, EQS, and LISREL', *Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment*, Vol. 16, No. 4, pp.343–364.
- Kober, R., Subraamian, T. and Watson, J. (2012) 'The impact of total quality management adoption on small and medium enterprises' financial performance', *Accounting & Finance*, Vol. 52, No. 2, pp.421–438.
- Koilakuntla, M., Patyal, V.S., Modgil, S. and Ekkuluri, P. (2012) 'A research study on estimation of TQM 'factors ratings' through analytical hierarchy process', *Procedia Economics and Finance*, Vol. 3, pp.55–61.
- Kozak, M., Asunakutlu, T. and Safran, B. (2007) 'TQM implementation at public hospitals: a study in Turkey', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 2, No. 2, pp.193–207.
- Kumar, M. and Antony, J. (2008) 'Comparing the quality management practices in UK SMEs', *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, Vol. 108, No. 9, pp.1153–1166.
- Kumar, M. and Antony, J. (2009) 'Multiple case-study analysis of quality management practices within UK Six Sigma and non-Six Sigma manufacturing small-and medium-sized enterprises', *Proceedings of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers, Part B: Journal of Engineering Manufacture*, Vol. 223, No. 7, pp.925–934.

- Kumar, R., Garg, D. and Garg, T.K. (2011) 'TQM success factors in North Indian manufacturing and service industries', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 23, No. 1, pp.36–46.
- Kumar, V., Choisine, F., de Grosbois, D. and Kumar, U. (2009) 'Impact of TQM on company's performance', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 1, pp.23–37.
- Kuratko, D.F., Goodale, J.C. and Hornsby, J.S. (2001) 'Quality practices for a competitive advantage in smaller firms', *Journal of Small Business Management*, Vol. 39, No. 4, pp.293–311.
- Kusumah, L.H. (2013) 'The essential factors of TQM principles implementation in small industries in Indonesia', *J. US-China Public Adm.*, Vol. 10, No. 12, pp.1190–1198.
- Kwamega, M., Li, D. and Ntiamoah, E.B. (2015) 'Role of total quality management (TQM) as a tool for performance measurement in small and medium-sized enterprise (SME'S) in Ghana', *British Journal of Economics, Management & Trade*, Vol. 10, No. 3, pp.1–10.
- Lakhal, L., Pasin, F. and Limam, M. (2006) 'Quality management practices and their impact on performance', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 23, No. 6, pp.625–646.
- Lam, S.Y., Lee, V.H., Ooi, K.B. and Phusavat, K. (2012) 'A structural equation model of TQM, market orientation and service quality: evidence from a developing nation', *Managing Service Quality: An International Journal*, Vol. 22, No. 3, pp.281–309.
- Lee, C.Y. (2004) 'TQM in small manufacturers: an exploratory study in China', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp.175–197.
- Lewis, W.G., Pun, K.F. and Lalla, T.R.M. (2006) 'Exploring soft versus hard factors for TQM implementation in small and medium-sized enterprises', *International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management*, Vol. 55, No. 7, pp.539–554.
- Li, J.H., Andersen, A.R. and Harrison, R.T. (2003) 'Total quality management principles and practices in China', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 20, No. 9, pp.1026–1050.
- Long, C.S., Abdul Aziz, M.H., Kowang, T.O. and Ismail, W.K.W. (2015) 'Impact of TQM practices on innovation performance among manufacturing companies in Malaysia', *South African Journal of Industrial Engineering*, Vol. 26, No. 1, pp.75–85.
- Long, C.S., Abdul Aziz, M.H., Kowang, T.O. and Ismail, W.K.W. (2015) 'Impact of TQM practices on innovation performance among manufacturing companies in Malaysia', *South African Journal of Industrial Engineering*, Vol. 26, No. 1, pp.75–85.
- Lu, E. and Sohal, A. (1993) 'Success factors, weaknesses and myths concerning TQM implementation in Australia', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 4, No. 3, pp.245–256.
- Macinati, M.S. (2008) 'The relationship between quality management systems and organisational performance in the Italian National Health Service', *Health Policy*, Vol. 85, No. 2, pp.228–241.
- Mady, M.T. (2009) 'Quality management practices: an empirical investigation of associated constructs in two Kuwaiti industries', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 3, pp.214–233.
- Mahapatra, S.S. and Khan, M.S. (2006) 'Current practices of TQM implementation and future trend', *Industrial Engineering Journal*, Vol. 35, No. 5, pp.28–33.
- Mahmud, N. and Hilmi, M.F. (2014) 'TQM and Malaysian SMEs performance: the mediating roles of organization learning', *Procedia – Social and Behavioral Sciences*, Vol. 130, pp.216–225.
- Majumdar, J.P. (2016) 'Causes of reluctance of Indian manufacturing SMEs to implement Total quality management', *International Journal of Applied Research*, Vol. 2, No. 2, pp.126–134.
- Malik, M.Z., Banerjee, R. and Ahmad, S.A. (2018) 'A review paper on implementation of total quality management (TQM) in construction industry', *International Journal of Recent Scientific Research*, Vol. 5, No. 1, pp.26515–26517.

- Malik, S.A., Iqbal, M.Z., Shaukat, R.A.Z.I.A. and Yong, J. (2010) 'TQM practices & organizational performance: evidence from Pakistani SMEs', *International Journal of Engineering & Technology*, Vol. 10, No. 4, pp.26–31.
- Mallur, S.B. and Hiregoudar, N. (2010) 'A survey of TQM practices in North Karnataka manufacturing SMEs: an empirical evaluation', in *Proceedings of the World Congress on Engineering*, London.
- Mallur, S.B., Hiregoudar, N.L. and Soragaon, B. (2012) 'A comparative study of importance and practices of CSFs of TQM practices and their impact on performance of North Karnataka SMEs manufacturing sectors: a survey result', *International Journal of Management Research and Reviews*, Vol. 2, No. 10, p.1810.
- Manhas, V.K., Gupta, P. and Gupta, H. (2015) 'Developing and validating critical success factors of TQM implementation in MSMEs of Punjab in India', *International Journal of Indian Culture and Business Management*, Vol. 11, No. 4, pp.405–421.
- Mardani, A., Bagheri, M.M., Soltan, E.K.H. and Lari, M.K. (2013) 'Relationship between national culture and soft total quality management in Iranian multinational firms', *International Journal of Basic and Applied Science*, Vol. 2, No. 1, pp.160–172.
- Maria, X.L. and Jones, J.T. (2003) *Quality Initiatives and Business Growth in Australian Manufacturing SMEs: An Exploratory Investigation*, School of Commerce Research Paper Series, No. 03-3.
- Mathur, A., Mittal, M.L. and Dangayach, G.S. (2012) 'Improving productivity in Indian SMEs', *Production Planning & Control*, Vol. 23, Nos. 10–11, pp.754–768.
- Mehra, S. and Ranganathan, S. (2008) 'Implementing total quality management with a focus on enhancing customer satisfaction', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 25, No. 9, pp.913–927.
- Mehralian, G., Nazari, J.A., Nooriparto, G. and Rasekh, H.R. (2017) 'TQM and organizational performance using the balanced scorecard approach', *International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management*, Vol. 66, No. 1, pp.111–125.
- Mehralian, G., Nazari, J.A., Zarei, L. and Rasekh, H.R. (2016) 'The effects of corporate social responsibility on organizational performance in the Iranian pharmaceutical industry: the mediating role of TQM', *Journal of Cleaner Production*, Vol. 135, pp.689–698.
- Meshram, R.K., Lakhe, R.R. and Shrivastava, R. (2017) 'Prioritization of TQM factors in ISO9001 SMEs in India', *Industrial Engineering Journal*, Vol. 10, DOI: 10.26488/IEJ.10.3.11.
- Mittal, D., Singla, V. and Goyal, A. (2011) 'Comparison of TQM success factors in northern india in manufacturing and service industries: a survey', *International Journal of Engineering Science and Technology*, Vol. 3, No. 2.
- Mo, J.P. and Chan, A.M. (1997) 'Strategy for the successful implementation of ISO 9000 in small and medium manufacturers', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 9, No. 2, pp.135–145.
- Moghadam, M.S., Sharifian, E. and Mosthfezian, M. (2013) 'Evaluating total quality management (TQM) in Iranian industry of sport lodging', *World Applied Sciences Journal*, Vol. 24, No. 5, pp.660–666.
- Mosadeghrad, A.M. (2015) 'Developing and validating a total quality management model for healthcare organisations', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 27, No. 5, pp.544–564.
- Motwani, J. (2001a) 'Critical factors and performance measures of TQM', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 13, No. 4, pp.292–300.
- Motwani, J. (2001b) 'Measuring critical factors of TQM', *Measuring Business Excellence*, Vol. 5, No. 2, pp.27–30.
- Motwani, J., Kumar, A., Youssef, M.A. and Mahmoud, E. (1997) 'Forecasting quality of Indian manufacturing organizations: an exploratory analysis', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 8, No. 6, pp.361–374.
- Motwani, J., Sower, V.E. and Brashier, L.W. (1996) 'Implementing TQM in the health care sector', *Health Care Management Review*, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp.73–82.

- Muffato, M. and Panizzolo, R. (1995) 'A process based view for customer satisfaction', *International Journal of Quality and Reliability Management*, Vol. 12, No. 9, pp.154–169.
- Muketha, J.M.N. (2016) *Influence of ISO 9001: 2008 Quality Management Principles on Efficiency in Service Delivery at Nation Media Group*, Nairobi County, Kenya.
- Munizu, M. (2011) 'Praktik total quality management (TQM) Dan Pengaruhnya Terhadap Kinerja Karyawan (Studi Pada PT. Telkom Tbk. Cabang Makassar)', *Jurnal Manajemen dan Kewirausahaan*, Vol. 12, No. 2, pp.185–194.
- Murphy, W.H. (2016) 'Small and mid-sized enterprises (SMEs) quality management (QM) research (1990–2014): a revealing look at QM's vital role in making SMEs stronger', *Journal of Small Business & Entrepreneurship*, Vol. 28, No. 5, pp.345–360.
- Muturi, P., Maranga, S. and Getecha, C. (2013) 'A survey of quality management practices in the Kenyan small and medium manufacturing industries', *International Journal of Scientific & Technology Research*, Vol. 2, No. 11, pp.370–374.
- Nadarajah, D. and Kadir, S.L.S.A. (2014) 'A review of the importance of business process management in achieving sustainable competitive advantage', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 26, No. 5, pp.522–531.
- Nair, A. (2006) 'Meta-analysis of the relationship between quality management practices and firm performance – implications for quality management theory development', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 24, No. 6, pp.948–975.
- Nhlabathi, G.S. and Kholopane, P. (2013) 'Using manufacturing kaizen to improve a manufacturing process', in *2013 Proceedings of PICMET'13: Technology Management in the IT-Driven Services (PICMET)*, July, pp.1680–1687, IEEE.
- Nitin, S., Dinesh, K. and Paul, S.T. (2011) 'TQM for manufacturing excellence: factors critical to success', *International Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, Vol. 2, No. 1, p.219.
- Noruzi, A., Dalfard, V.M., Azhdari, B., Nazari-Shirkouhi, S. and Rezazadeh, A. (2013) 'Relations between transformational leadership, organizational learning, knowledge management, organizational innovation, and organizational performance: an empirical investigation of manufacturing firms', *The International Journal of Advanced Manufacturing Technology*, Vol. 64, Nos. 5–8, pp.1073–1085.
- Oakland, J. (2011) 'Leadership and policy deployment: the backbone of TQM', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 22, No. 5, pp.517–534.
- Oakland, J.S. and Aldridge, A.J. (1995) 'Quality management in civil and structural engineering consulting', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 12, No. 3, pp.32–48.
- Obeidat, B.Y., Hashem, L., Alansari, I., Tarhini, A. and Al-Salti, Z. (2016) 'The effect of knowledge management uses on total quality management practices: a theoretical perspective', *Journal of Management and Strategy*, Vol. 7, No. 4, p.18.
- Oghojafor, B.E.A., Aduloju, S.A. and Olowokudejo, F.F. (2011) 'Information technology and customer relationship management (CRM) in some selected insurance firms in Nigeria', *Journal of Economics and International Finance*, Vol. 3, No. 7, pp.452–461.
- Oliveira, G.S., Corrêa, J.E., Balestrassi, P.P., Martins, R.A. and Turriani, J.B. (2019) 'Investigation of TQM implementation: empirical study in Brazilian ISO 9001-registered SMEs', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 30, Nos. 5–6, pp.641–659.
- Oluwatoyin, A. and Oluseun, A. (2008) *Total Quality Management. A Test of the Effect of TQM on Performance and Stakeholder Satisfaction*, School of Management, Blekinge Institute of Technology.
- Ooi, K.B., Abu Bakar, N., Arumugam, V., Vellapan, L. and Loke, A.K.Y. (2007) 'Does TQM influence employees' job satisfaction? An empirical case analysis', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 24, No. 1, pp.62–77.
- Ooi, K.B., Lin, B., Tan, B.I. and Chong, A.Y-L. (2011) 'Are TQM practices supporting customer satisfaction and service quality?', *Journal of Services Marketing*, Vol. 25, No. 6, pp.410–419.

- Oruma, W. (2014) *Factors Influencing Implementation of Total Quality Management in Construction Companies in Kenya: A Case of Nakuru County*, published thesis, Department of Arts, University of Nairobi.
- Ou, S.C., Liu, C.F., Hung, C.Y. and Yen, C.D. (2007) *The Effects of Total Quality Management on Business Management: Evidence from Taiwan Information Related Industries*, pp.1–37.
- Oza, H.S. and Shiroya, D.S. (2015) 'Identification of TQM practices from empirical studies by Pareto analysis', *Asian Journal of Multidisciplinary Studies*, Vol. 3, No. 10.
- Panuwatwanich, K. and Nguyen, T.T. (2017) 'Influence of organisational culture on total quality management implementation and firm performance: evidence from the Vietnamese construction industry', *Management and Production Engineering Review*, Vol. 8, No. 1, pp.5–15.
- Parast, M.M., Adams, S.G. and Jones, E.C. (2011) 'Improving operational and business performance in the petroleum industry through quality management', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 28, No. 4, pp.426–450.
- Parkin, M.A. and Parkin, R. (1996) 'The impact of TQM in UK SMEs', *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, Vol. 96, No. 4, pp.6–10.
- Parvadavardini, S., Vivek, N. and Devadasan, S.R. (2016) 'Impact of quality management practices on quality performance and financial performance: evidence from Indian manufacturing companies', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 27, Nos. 5–6, pp.507–530.
- Patrick, O.O. (2012) 'Moderating CRM relationship to enhance firm performance through continuous product development', *Australian Journal of Business and Management Research*, Vol. 2, No. 1, pp.01–08.
- Patyal, V.S. and Koilakuntla, M. (2017) 'The impact of quality management practices on performance: an empirical study', *Benchmarking: An International Journal*, Vol. 24, No. 2, pp.511–535.
- Petroni, A. (2002) 'Critical factors of MRP implementation in small and medium-sized firms', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 22, No. 3, pp.329–48.
- Pettersen, J. (2009) 'Defining lean production: some conceptual and practical issues', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp.127–142.
- Philips Quality (1995) *Philips Quality – Let's Make Things Better*, Corporate Quality Bureau, Philips Electronics NV, Eindhoven.
- Pinho, J.C. (2008) 'TQM and performance in small medium enterprises: the mediating effect of customer orientation and innovation', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 25, No. 3, pp.256–275.
- Porter, L.J. and Parker, A.J. (1993) 'Total quality management – the critical success factors', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 4, No. 1, pp.13–22.
- Powell, T.C. (1995) 'Total quality management as competitive advantage: a review and empirical study', *Strategic Management Journal*, Vol. 16, No. 1, pp.15–37.
- Pradhan, B.L. (2017) 'Confirmatory factor analysis of TQM implementation constructs: evidence from Nepalese manufacturing industries', *Management Review: An International Journal*, Vol. 12, No. 1, p.26.
- Prajogo, D.I. (2005) 'The comparative analysis of TQM practices and quality performance between manufacturing and service firms', *International Journal of Service Industry Management*, Vol. 16, No. 3, pp.217–228.
- Prajogo, D.I. and Brown, A. (2006) 'Approaches to adopting quality in SMEs and the impact on quality management practices and performance', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 17, No. 5, pp.555–566.
- Prajogo, D.I. and Cooper, B.K. (2010) 'The effect of people-related TQM practices on job satisfaction: a hierarchical model', *Production Planning and Control*, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp.26–35.

- Price, M.J. and Chen, E.E. (1993) 'Total quality management in a small, high-technology company', *California Management Review*, Vol. 35, No. 3, pp.96–117.
- Psomas, E.L. and Jaca, C. (2016) 'The impact of total quality management on service company performance: evidence from Spain', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 33, No. 3, pp.380–398.
- Qasrawi, B.T., Almahamid, S.M. and Qasrawi, S.T. (2017) 'The impact of TQM practices and KM processes on organisational performance: an empirical investigation', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 34, No. 7, pp.1034–1055.
- Quazi, H.A. and Padibjo, S.R. (1997) 'A journey towards total quality management through ISO 9000 certification – a Singapore experience', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 9, No. 5, pp.364–371.
- Quazi, H.A. and Padibjo, S.R. (1998) 'A journey toward total quality management through ISO 9000 certification – a study on small-and medium-sized enterprises in Singapore', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 15, No. 5, pp.489–508.
- Rad, A.M.M. (2006) 'The impact of organizational culture on the successful implementation of total quality management', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 18, No. 6, pp.606–625.
- Rahman, A. and Attar, M.T. (2009) 'Implementation of TQM in manufacturing industries in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia', in *22nd International Congress on Condition Monitoring and Diagnostic Engineering Management*, pp.1–8.
- Rahman, M.F., Baral, L.M., Chowdhury, M., Mannan, A. and Khan, A.N. (2009) 'Quality management in garment industry of Bangladesh', *Management of Sustainable Development*, Vol. 1, No. 2.
- Rahman, M.N.A. and Tannock, J.D. (2005) 'TQM best practices: experiences of Malaysian SMEs', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 16, No. 4, pp.491–503.
- Rahman, S.U. (2001a) 'A comparative study of TQM practice and organisational performance of SMEs with and without ISO 9000 certification', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 18, No. 1, pp.35–49.
- Rahman, S.U. (2001b) 'Total quality management practices and business outcome: evidence from small and medium enterprises in Western Australia', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 12, No. 2, pp.201–210.
- Rahman, S.U. and Bullock, P. (2005) 'Soft TQM, hard TQM, and organisational performance relationships: an empirical investigation', *Omega*, Vol. 33, No. 1, pp.73–83.
- Rao, S., Solis, L. and Raghunathan, T. (1999) 'A framework for international quality management research: development and validation of a measurement instrument', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 10, No. 7, pp.1047–1075.
- Ruggieri, A. and Merli, R. (1998) *Critical Factors for the Implementation of Total Quality Management in Italy: An Empirical Analysis*, pp.210–212.
- Sabella, A., Kashou, R. and Omran, O. (2014) 'Quality management practices and their relationship to organizational performance', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 34, No. 12, pp.1487–1505.
- Sadikoglu, E. and Olcay, H. (2014) 'The effects of total quality management practices on performance and the reasons of and the barriers to TQM practices in Turkey', *Advances in Decision Sciences*.
- Sadikoglu, E. and Zehir, C. (2010) 'Investigating the effects of innovation and employee performance on the relationship between total quality management practices and firm performance: an empirical study of Turkish firms', *International Journal of Production Economics*, Vol. 127, No. 1, pp.13–26.
- Sahoo, S. and Yadav, S. (2018) 'Total quality management in Indian manufacturing SMEs', *Procedia Manufacturing*, Vol. 21, pp.541–548.
- Sainis, G. (2018) *Characterising the Quality Journey of Total Quality Management in Relation to the Financial Performance of SMEs under Crisis Conditions: the Case for Greece*.

- Salaheldin, S.I. (2009) 'Critical success factors for TQM implementation and their impact on performance of SMEs', *International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management*, Vol. 58, No. 3, pp.215–237.
- Samal, A., Tripathy, S. and Aich, S. (2014) 'Study of critical success factors of TQM in Indian small and medium scale enterprises', *Int. J. Res. Mech. Eng. Technol.*, Vol. 4, No. 1, pp.12–22.
- Samat, N., Ramayah, T. and Saad, N.M. (2006) 'TQM practices, service quality, and market orientation: some empirical evidence from a developing country', *Management Research News*, Vol. 29, No. 11, pp.713–728.
- Samson, D. and Terziovski, M. (1999) 'The relationship between total quality management practices and operational performance', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 17, No. 4, pp.393–409.
- Samson, K. (2017) *Effects of Total Quality Management (TQM) on Firm's Operational Performance*, South Korea, SSRN 2922208.
- Sánchez-Rodríguez, C. and Martínez-Lorente, Á.R. (2004) 'Quality management practices in the purchasing function: an empirical study', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 24, No. 7, pp.666–687.
- Saraph, J.V., Benson, P.G. and Schroeder, R.G. (1989) 'An instrument for measuring the critical factors of quality management', *Decision Sciences*, Vol. 20, No. 4, pp.810–829.
- Seth, D. and Tripathi, D. (2005) 'Relationship between TQM and TPM implementation factors and business performance of manufacturing industry in Indian context', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 22, No. 3, pp.256–277.
- Shafiq, M., Lasrado, F. and Hafeez, K. (2019) 'The effect of TQM on organisational performance: empirical evidence from the textile sector of a developing country using SEM', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 30, Nos. 1–2, pp.31–52.
- Shahin, A. and Dabestani, R. (2011) 'A feasibility study of the implementation of total quality management based on soft factor', *Journal of Industrial Engineering and Management*, Vol. 4, No. 2, pp.258–280.
- Shea, J. and Gobeli, D. (1995) 'TQM: the experiences of ten small businesses', *Business Horizons*, Vol. 38, No. 1, pp.71–78.
- Shewhart, W.A. and Deming, W.E. (1986) *Statistical Method from the Viewpoint of Quality Control*, Courier Corporation.
- Shrivastava, R.L., Mohanty, R.P. and Lakhe, R.R. (2006) 'Linkages between total quality management and organisational performance: an empirical study for Indian industry', *Production Planning & Control*, Vol. 17, No. 1, pp.13–30.
- Sila, I. (2005) 'The influence of contextual variables on TQM practices and TQM-organizational performance relationships', *The Business Review*, Vol. 4, pp.204–209, Cambridge.
- Sila, I. (2007) 'Examining the effects of contextual factors on TQM and performance through the lens of organizational theories: an empirical study', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 25, No. 1, pp.83–109.
- Sila, I. and Ebrahimpour, M. (2002) 'An investigation of the total quality management survey based research published between 1989 and 2000: a literature review', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 19, No. 7, pp.902–970.
- Sila, I. and Ebrahimpour, M. (2003) 'Examination and comparison of the critical factors of total quality management (TQM) across countries', *International Journal of Production Research*, Vol. 41, No. 2, pp.235–268.
- Sila, I. and Ebrahimpour, M. (2005) 'Critical linkages among TQM factors and business results', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 25, No. 11, pp.1123–1155.
- Singh, H. and Singh, B. (2014) 'Total quality management: today's business excellence strategy', *International Letters of Social and Humanistic Sciences*, Vol. 21, pp.188–196.

- Singh, R.K. (2011) 'Analyzing the interaction of factors for success of total quality management in SMEs', *Asian Journal on Quality*, Vol. 12, No. 1, pp.6–19.
- Singh, R.K., Garg, S.K. and Deshmukh, S.G. (2005) 'Development of flexible strategies by Indian SMEs in electronics sector in emerging economy', *Global Journal of Flexible Systems Management*, Vol. 6, No. 2, pp.15–26.
- Singh, R.K., Garg, S.K. and Deshmukh, S.G. (2008) 'Strategy development by SMEs for competitiveness: a review', *Benchmarking: An International Journal*, Vol. 15, No. 5, pp.525–547.
- Singh, V., Kumar, A. and Singh, T. (2018) 'Impact of TQM on organisational performance: the case of Indian manufacturing and service industry', *Operations Research Perspectives*, Vol. 5, pp.199–217.
- Sinha, N., Garg, A.K. and Dhall, N. (2016) 'Effect of TQM principles on performance of Indian SMEs: the case of automotive supply chain', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 28, No. 3, pp.338–359.
- Sit, W.Y., Ooi, K.B., Lin, B. and Chong, A.Y-L. (2009) 'TQM and customer satisfaction in Malaysia's service sector', *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, Vol. 109, No. 7, pp.957–975.
- Sohail, M.S. and Hoong, T.B. (2003) 'TQM practices and organizational performances of SMEs in Malaysia: some empirical observations', *Benchmarking: An International Journal*, Vol. 10, No. 1, pp.37–53.
- Sousa, R. (2003) 'Linking quality management to manufacturing strategy: an empirical investigation of customer focus practices', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 21, No. 1, pp.1–18.
- Srinivas, R. (2013) 'Quality management practices in rural and urban SMEs – a comparative study', *International Journal for Quality Research*, Vol. 7, No. 4, pp.479–492, ISSN 1800-6450
- Stahl, M.J. (1995) *Management-Total Quality in a Global Environment*, Blackwell, Oxford.
- Stalk, G., Evans, P. and Schulman, L.E. (1992) 'Competing on capabilities: the new rules of corporate strategy', *Harvard Business Review*, Vol. 70, No. 2, pp.57–69.
- Sullivan-Taylor, B. and Wilson, M. (1996) 'TQM implementation in New Zealand service organizations', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 8, No. 5, pp.56–64.
- Sun, H. and Cheng, T.K. (2002) 'Comparing reasons, practices and effects of ISO 9000 certification and TQM implementation in Norwegian SMEs and large firms', *International Small Business Journal*, Vol. 20, No. 4, pp.421–442.
- Sureshchandar, G.S., Rajendran, C. and Anantharaman, R.N. (2001) 'A conceptual model for total quality management in service organizations', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 12, No. 3, pp.343–363.
- Sweis, R.J., Saleh, R.A., Al-Etayyem, R.H., Qasrawi, B.T. and Mahmoud, A.M.A. (2016) 'Total quality management practices and organisational performance in Jordanian courier services', *International Journal of Productivity and Quality Management*, Vol. 19, No. 2, pp.258–276.
- Talib, F. and Rahman, Z. (2010) 'Critical success factors of TQM in service organizations: a proposed model', *Services Marketing Quarterly*, Vol. 31, No. 3, pp.363–380.
- Talib, F., Rahman, Z. and Qureshi, M.N. (2012) 'Total quality management in service sector: a literature review', *International Journal of Business Innovation and Research*, Vol. 6, No. 3, pp.259–301.
- Talib, F., Rahman, Z. and Qureshi, M.N. (2013) 'An empirical investigation of relationship between total quality management practices and quality performance in Indian service companies', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 30, No. 3, pp.280–318.
- Talib, F., Rahman, Z. and Qureshi, MN (2010) 'The relationship between total quality management and quality performance in the service industry: a theoretical model', *International Journal of Business, Management and Social Sciences (IJBMS)*, *MultiCraft*, Vol. 1, No. 1, pp.113–128.

- Tanninen, K., Puumalainen, K. and Sandström, J. (2010) 'The power of TQM: analysis of its effects on profitability, productivity and customer satisfaction', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp.171–184.
- Tari, J.J. (2006) 'An EFQM model self-assessment exercise at a Spanish university', *Journal of Educational Administration*, Vol. 44, No. 2, pp.170–188.
- Tari, J.J., Molina, J.F. and Castejon, J.L. (2007) 'The relationship between quality management practices and their effects on quality outcomes', *European Journal of Operational Research*, Vol. 183, No. 2, pp.483–501.
- Tentime, Z.T. (2003) 'The moderating impacts of business planning and firm size on total quality management practices', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 15, No. 1, pp.52–60.
- Tentime, Z.T. and Solomon, G.H. (2002) 'Total quality management and the planning behavior of SMEs in developing economies', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 14, No. 3, pp.181–191.
- Ueno, A. (2009) 'Which management practices are contributory to service quality? Part 2: findings from in-depth interviews', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 26, No. 8, pp.761–777.
- Ugboro, I.O. and Obeng, K. (2000) 'Top management leadership, employee empowerment, job satisfaction, and customer satisfaction in TQM organizations: an empirical study', *Journal of Quality Management*, Vol. 5, No. 2, pp.247–272.
- Valmohammadi, C. (2011) 'The impact of TQM implementation on the organizational performance of Iranian manufacturing SMEs', *The TQM Journal*, Vol. 23, No. 5, pp.496–509.
- Valmohammadi, C. and Roshanzamir, S. (2015) 'The guidelines of improvement: relations among organizational culture, TQM and performance', *International Journal of Production Economics*, Vol. 164, pp.167–178.
- Van Prooijen, J.W. and Van Der Kloot, W.A. (2001) 'Confirmatory analysis of exploratively obtained factor structures', *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, Vol. 61, No. 5, pp.777–792.
- Vasantharayalu and Surjit, P. (2016) 'An empirical study of total quality management (TQM) practices on operational performance of Indian manufacturing and service firms', *International Journal of Management (IJM)*, Vol. 7, No. 6, pp.192–202.
- Venkateshwarlu, N., Agarwal, A. and Kulshreshtha, M. (2011) 'Implementation of TQM: a case study in an auto company', *Asia Pacific Business Review*, Vol. 7, No. 2, pp.74–82.
- Vermeulen, W. and Crous, M.J. (2000) 'Training and education for TQM in the commercial banking industry of South Africa', *Managing Service Quality: An International Journal*, Vol. 10, No. 1, pp.61–67.
- Walley, K. (2000) 'TQM in non-manufacturing SMEs: evidence from the UK farming sector', *International Small Business Journal*, Vol. 18, No. 4, pp.46–61.
- Wanderi, E.N., Mberia, H. and Oduor, J. (2015) 'Evaluation of factors influencing total quality management implementation in Rwandan construction companies: case of fair construction company', *European Journal of Business and Social Sciences*, Vol. 4, No. 3, pp.14–28.
- Xiong, J., He, Z., Deng, Y., Zhang, M. and Zhang, Z. (2017) 'Quality management practices and their effects on the performance of public hospitals', *International Journal of Quality and Service Sciences*, Vol. 9, Nos. 3/4, pp.383–401.
- Ya'acob, Z. (2008) *A Structural Relationship between Total Quality Management, Strategic Control Systems and Performance of Malaysian Local Governments*, Unpublished PhD thesis, Universiti Utara Malaysia.
- Yeung, A.C.L., Lee, T.S. and Chan, L.Y. (2003) 'Senior management perspectives and ISO 9000 effectiveness: an empirical research', *International Journal of Production Research*, Vol. 41, No. 3, pp.545–569.
- Yong, J. and Wilkinson, A. (2003) 'From Kyoto to Singapore: the adoption of quality management in the services sector in Singapore', *Total Quality Management & Business Excellence*, Vol. 14, No. 8, pp.849–873.

- Yunoh, M.N.M. and Ali, K.A.M. (2015) 'Total quality management approach for Malaysian SMEs: conceptual framework', *International Journal of Business and Social Science*, Vol. 6, No. 1, pp.152–161.
- Yusof, S.R.M. and Aspinwall, E. (2000a) 'TQM implementation issues: review and case study', *International Journal of Operations & Production Management*, Vol. 20, No. 6, pp.634–655.
- Yusof, S.R.M. and Aspinwall, E.M. (2000b) 'Critical success factors in small and medium enterprises: survey results', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 11, Nos. 4–6, pp.448–462.
- Yusuf, Y., Gunasekaran, A. and Dan, G. (2007) 'Implementation of TQM in China and organisation performance: an empirical investigation', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 18, No. 5, pp.509–530.
- Zadry, R.H. (2005) *The Integration of Total Quality Management and Theory of Constraints Implementation in Malaysian Automotive Suppliers*, pp.1–211, A thesis submitted in fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Engineering (Mechanical).
- Zakuan, N., Yusof, S.M., Saman, M.Z.M. and Shaharoun, A.M. (2009) 'Confirmatory factor analysis of TQM practices in Malaysia and Thailand automotive industries', *International Journal of Business and Management*, Vol. 5, No. 1, p.160.
- Zakuan, N.M., Yusof, S.M. and Laosirihongthong, T. (2008) 'Reflective review of relationship between total quality management and organizational performance', in *2008 4th IEEE International Conference on Management of Innovation and Technology*, September, pp.444–448, IEEE.
- Zakuan, N.M., Yusof, S.M., Laosirihongthong, T. and Shaharoun, A.M. (2010) 'Proposed relationship of TQM and organisational performance using structured equation modelling', *Total Quality Management*, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp.185–203.
- Zehir, C., Ertosun, Ö.G., Zehir, S. and Muceldilli, B. (2012) 'Total quality management practices' effects on quality performance and innovative performance', *Procedia-Social and Behavioral Sciences*, Vol. 41, pp.273–280.
- Zeitz, G., Johannesson, R. and Ritchie Jr., J.E. (1997) 'An employee survey measuring total quality management practices and culture: development and validation', *Group & Organization Management*, Vol. 22, No. 4, pp.414–444.
- Zhang, Z. (2000) 'Quality management approach in China', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 12, No. 2, pp.92–105.
- Zhang, Z., Waszink, A. and Wijngaard, J. (1999) *Developing an Instrument for Measuring TQM Implementation in a Chinese Context*, University of Groningen, Groningen.
- Zhang, Z., Waszink, A.B. and Wijngaard, J. (2000) 'An instrument for measuring TQM implementation for Chinese manufacturing companies', *International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management*, Vol. 17, No. 7, pp.730–755.
- Zineldin, M. and Fonsson, P. (2000) 'An examination of the main factors affecting trust/commitment in supplier dealer relationships: an empirical study of the Swedish wood industry', *The TQM Magazine*, Vol. 12, No. 4, pp.245–265.
- Zu, X., Fredendall, L.D. and Douglas, T.J. (2008) 'The evolving theory of quality management: the role of Six Sigma', *Journal of Operations Management*, Vol. 26, No. 5, pp.630–650.