

MATH OF SIZING

Rule:

1. **Machine efficiency** = $\frac{\text{Actual Production}}{\text{Calculation production}} \times 100 = \text{Result}\%$
2. **Count of sized yarn** = **Count of unsized yarn** $\times \frac{100}{100 + \% \text{ of sized material}}$
3. **% of size material** = $\frac{\text{Wt. of size on yarn}}{\text{Wt. of unsized yarn}} \times 100$

Problem:

- 1) **The actual production of sizing m/c is 32400 yds per hrs. If the calculated production is 90 yds per min. find the efficiency of the m/c.**

Solution:

$$\text{Actual production in yds/hr} = \frac{32400}{8} = 4050$$

$$\text{Calculated production in yds/hr} = 90 \times 60 = 5400$$

$$\text{Machine efficiency} = \frac{4050}{5400} \times 100 = 75\%$$

- 2) **A beam of 250kg contains sized yarn of 15% take up. If the sized yarn count is 40 Ne, calculate the count of unsized yarn.**

Solution:

We know,

$$\text{Count of sized yarn} = \text{Count of unsized yarn} \times \frac{100}{100 + \% \text{ of sized material}}$$

$$40 = \text{Count of unsized yarn} \times \frac{100}{100 + 15}$$

$$\text{Count of unsized yarn} = \frac{40}{0.87} = 45 \text{ Ne}$$

- 3) **A warp beam contains 12950 yds of warp sheet on it. The no. of ends in the warp sheet is 430 and wt. of full beam is 365 lbs. if the weight of empty beam is 52 lbs, calculate the count (Ne) of warp yarn.**

Solution:

$$\text{Weight of yarn} = \text{wt. of full beam} - \text{wt. of empty beam} = 365 \text{ lbs} - 52 \text{ lbs} = 313 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\text{Weight of single yarn} = 313/430$$

$$= 0.728 \text{ lb}$$

Let, Count of yarn= x

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Wt of single warp} &= 12950/(840 \times x) \\ &= 15.42/x \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$15.42/x = 0.728$$

$$X = 21.18$$

Count of yarn 21

- 4) **A warp beam has 15000 yds of warp. The of full beam is 302 lbs & empty beam is 52 lbs. The count of yarn is 32 Ne. Calculate the no. of warp in the warp sheet.**

Solution:

$$\text{Wt. of yarn} = \text{wt. of (full beam - empty beam)} = (302 - 52) \text{ lbs} = 250 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Wt of single warp} &= 15000/(840 \times 32) \\ &= 0.5580 \text{ lbs} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{No of warp} &= (250/.5580) \\ &= 448 \end{aligned}$$

- 5) **If calculated production is 100 yds/min & eff is 75%**
a) **Calculate actual production/shift**
b) **Total length of yarn if no ends is 3250**
c) **Wt. of sized yarn if count is 40 & take up is 10%**

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) Actual production /shift} &= \text{calculate production} \times \text{efficiency} \\ &= 100 \times 60 \times 8 \times .75 \\ &= 36000 \text{ yds/shift} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) Total length} = \text{Total production} \times \text{No. of ends} = 36000 \times 3250 = 117000000 \text{ yds}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) Wt. of unsized yarn} &= 117000000/(840 \times 40) \\ &= 3482.142 \text{ lbs} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total wt. of sized warp yarn with 10\% take up} \\ &= (\text{wt. of sized yarn}) + (\text{wt. of size yarn} \times \text{take up}) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3482.142 + 3482.142 \times (10/100)$$

$$= 3830.356 \text{ lbs.}$$

- 6) **Wt. of sized beam is 82.5 lbs. Beam have 1050 yds yarn whose yarn count before sizing was 50 Ne, if no. of ends is 3000. Then**
- a) **The wt. of size on the yarn**
 - b) **%of size material**
 - c) **Count of sized yarn**