



Daffodil International University

Course Title: History of the Emergence of Bangladesh

Course Code: GED-111

Rokunuzzaman Biswas

Lecturer

Department of General Educational Development

- **Syllabus and Course Contents:**

1. Pre-history and Ancient Bengal:

Ancient Dynasties –

Maurya Empire:

- Introduction
- Timeline
- Importance of Maurya Empire in the history of ancient Bengal
- Asoka's conversion to Buddhism
- Contribution in spreading Buddhism

Gupta Empire:

- Introduction
- Timeline

- Golden age of ancient Bengal

Gauda Kingdom:

- Introduction
- The establishment of Gauda kingdom
- Shashanka's contribution in the establishment of Gauda

Pala Dynasty:

- Introduction
- Timeline
- Role of the Pala Kings in ancient Bengal

Sena Dynasty:

- Introduction
- Timeline
- Religious intolerance and political aspects
- Introduction to Muslim rule

Ancient human settlements and professions:

Human settlement

- Definition
- Causes
- Rise of the Janapadas and their location

Professions:

- Classification
- Agriculture
- Trade and Commerce
- Small Industry
-

2. Medieval Period and Muslim's Rule

Independent Muslim rulers in Bengal:

- Significant Muslim rulers of medieval Bengal
- Shamsuddin Ilyas Shah – Introduction, Contribution
- Alauddin Husain Shah – Introduction, Contribution

Mughal Empire:

- Contribution
- Causes of declining
- Conflict with 12 Bhuiyans

Battle of Plassey, 1757:

- Causes
- Consequence
- Importance

3. British Colonial Rule:

British East India Company and establishment of colony

- Background

Early resistance movements:

- Fakir Sanyasi – Background, Consequence/Significance
- Indigo cultivators – Background, Consequence/Significance
- Farazi and Titumir – Background, Consequence/Significance
- Rebellion of 1857 – Causes, Consequence

Partition of Bengal, 1905:

- Background
- Causes
- Reunification
- Aftermath

4. Mohammedan Literary Society, Indian National Congress, Muslim League (History, Main Events and Importance)

5. Lahore resolution and creation of Pakistan

Lahore Resolution, 1940:

- Background
- Proposal

- Two nation theory of Jinnah

Independence of Pakistan and India, 1947:

- Background
- Causes

Partition of Bengal, 1947:

- Background
- Causes
- Aftermath

6. Bengali Identity and Bangla Language Movement

Phases of Language Movement:

- Early stages of Language movement
- Agitations of 1948
- Events in 1952

Significance of Language movement and Bengali Nationalism:

- Events after 1952
- Bangla as a state language
- Legacy
- Cultural impact
- Rise of Bengali Nationalism
-

7. Pakistan Regime: Structure of the state and Disparities

Structure of Pakistan state:

Economic Disparities:

- Trade and Commerce
- Industrialization
- Economic inequality

Socio-cultural Disparities:

- Education Sectors
- Hindrance to cultural life
- Inequality in job sectors

Political Disparities:

- Failure of Pakistan's Political policy
- Political instability

8. Six points Movements and Mass Uprising in 1969

Six points program

- Background
- Charter of emancipation
- Six points
- Popularity

Impact of six points program:

- Economic Monopoly
- Vast war machine
- Industrialization
- Tapping into Bengali Nationalism
- Followed by Agartala Conspiracy

Agartala Conspiracy:

- Background
- Aftermath of Six point program
- Boomerang for Sheikh Mujibur Rahman
- Influence

Mass uprising:

- Background
- Killing of people
- Arrest of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman

Fall of Ayub Khan:

- Reasons
- Power handed over to Yahya Khan

11 point program of Students:

- Formation of All Party Student's Action Committee

- Demands

9. Election of 1970 and Non-cooperation movement

Election of 1970:

- Background
- Participation of the parties
- Result

Non-cooperation Movement:

- Background
- Historical speech of Bangabandhu
- Aftermath
- Genocide on 25th March in the name of Operation Search Light

10. Liberation war of Bangladesh

- a. Declaration of Independence
- b. Formation of Provisional Government
- c. Indian involvement
- d. Mukti Bahini and Sectors
- e. Guerilla warfare
- f. Role of major powers – India, Russia, USA, China, UN
- g. Formation of Allied Force
- h. Surrender and Aftermath – Final victory of Bangladesh

11. Role of Sheikh Mujib and Awami League

Role of Sheikh Mujib:

- i. Political activism
- j. Leader of Pakistan
- k. His demand of autonomy
- l. Involvement in several nationalist movements
- m. His contribution for the birth of Bangladesh

Role of Awami League:

- n. Formation

- o. Its role for the birth of Bangladesh

11. Political Actors toward the emergence of Bangladesh

Role of the following political leaders:

- a. Abul Kasem Fazlul Huq
- b. Maulana Abdul Hamid Khan Bhashani
- c. Huseyn Shaheed Suhrawardy
- d. National Four Leaders of Bangladesh
- e.

13. Politics and Governance in Bangladesh

(Return of the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, Constitution making and Parliamentary Democracy)

14. Politics and Governance in Bangladesh (1971-till date)

(Political Development in different regimes and Vision 2021)

Thank You