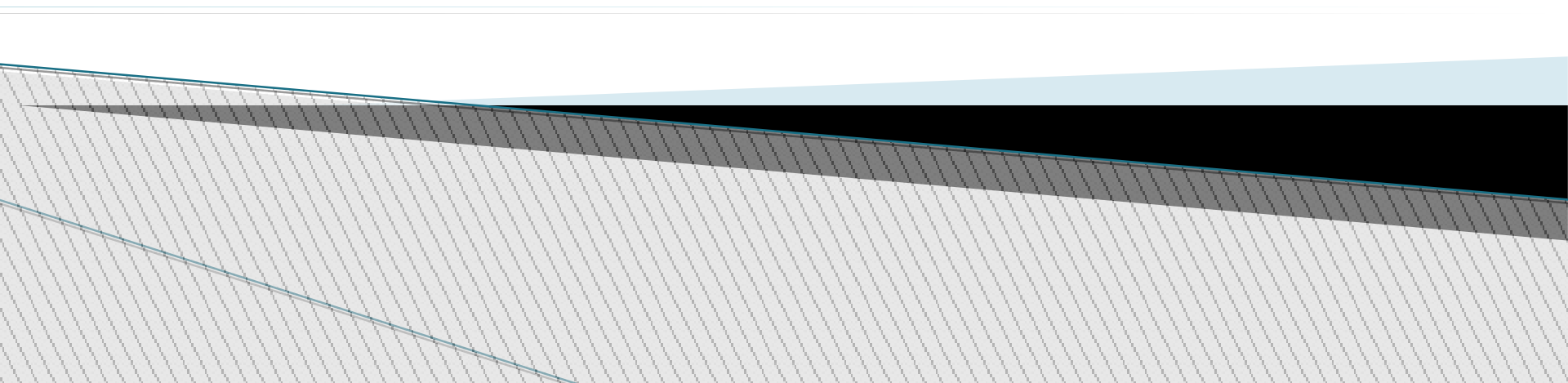


Number System conversions



Number Systems

- ▶ There are four systems of arithmetic which are often used in digital electronics.
 - Decimal Number System
 - Binary Number System
 - Octal Number System
 - Hexa Decimal System

Decimal Number system

- ▶ Decimal number system contains 10 digits: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9; and that is why its base or radix is 10.
- ▶ Here radix means total number of digits used in any system.

Decimal Number System

- The decimal number system is a positional number system.

- Example:

5 6 2 1
 10^3 10^2 10^1 10^0

$$1 \times 10^0 = 1$$

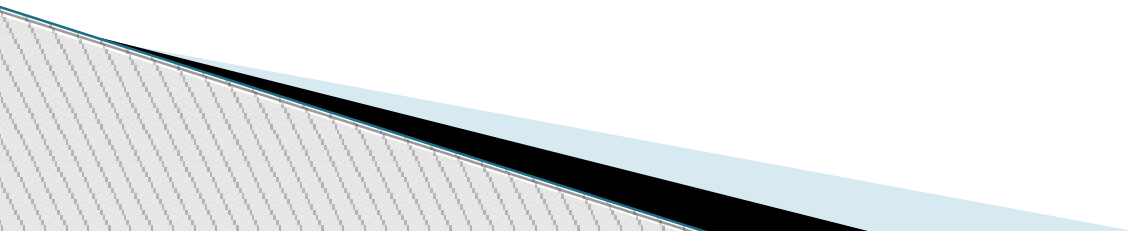
$$2 \times 10^1 = 20$$

$$6 \times 10^2 = 600$$

$$5 \times 10^3 = 5000$$

Binary Number System

- The binary number system is also a positional numbering system.
- Instead of using ten digits, 0 - 9, the binary system uses only two digits, 0 and 1.



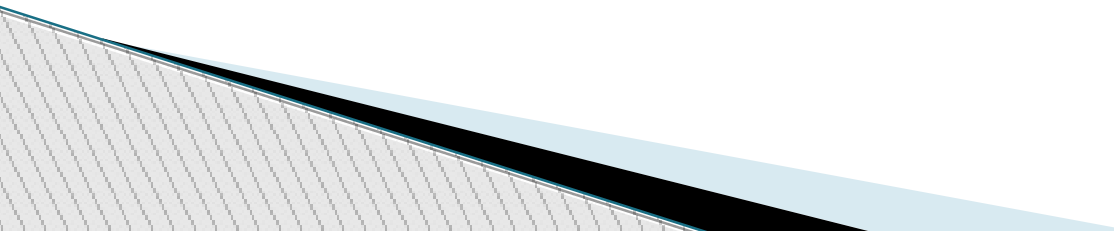
Binary Number System

- The binary number system is also known as **base 2**. The values of the positions are calculated by taking 2 to some power.
- Why is the base 2 for binary numbers?
 - Because we use 2 digits, the digits 0 and 1.Examples: Binary number system:

11001010

11111111

Octal Number System

- ▶ Also known as the **Base 8 System**
 - ▶ Uses digits **0 - 7**
 - ▶ Readily converts to binary
 - ▶ Groups of three (binary) digits can be used to represent each octal digit
- 

Hexadecimal Number System

- ▶ Base 16 system
- ▶ Uses digits 0-9 & letters A,B,C,D,E,F
- ▶ Groups of four bits represent each base 16 digit

Decimal	Hexadecimal
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	A
11	B
12	C
13	D
14	E
15	F

Binary Numbering Scale

<u>Base 2 Number</u>	<u>Base 10 Equivalent</u>	<u>Power</u>	<u>Positional Value</u>
000	0	2^0	1
001	1	2^1	2
010	2	2^2	4
011	3	2^3	8
100	4	2^4	16
101	5	2^5	32
110	6	2^6	64
111	7	2^7	128

Significant Digits

Binary: 11101101

Most significant digit



Least significant digit



Hexadecimal: 1D63A7A

Most significant digit



Least significant digit



Converting From Decimal to Binary

- Make a list of the binary place values up to the number being converted.
- Perform successive divisions by 2, placing the remainder of 0 or 1 in each of the positions from right to left.
- Continue until the quotient is zero.
- Example: 42_{10}

2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
32	16	8	4	2	1
<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>

DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

- ▶ There are two methods to convert it:-

- i. Reverse of Binary-To-Digital Method

- ✓ Decimal number write as the sum of square
 - ✓ 0 & 1 is written on the byte

Example 1: Convert decimal 45 to the binary value

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Solve} &= 45_{10} = 32 + 8 + 4 + 1 \\ &= 2^5 \quad 0 \quad 2^3 \quad 2^2 \quad 0 \quad 2^0 \\ &\quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ &= 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1_2\end{aligned}$$

ii. Repeat division method

- ✓ The numbers is divide by 2.
- ✓ Balance for the question is written until the last answer.

Example : convert 25_{10} to binary

$$\text{Solve} = 25_{10} = ?_2$$

$$= \frac{25}{2} \rightarrow 12 \text{ balance } 1 \longrightarrow \text{LSB}$$

$$= \frac{12}{2} \rightarrow 6 \text{ balance } 0$$

$$= \frac{6}{2} \rightarrow 3 \text{ balance } 0$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow 1 \text{ balance } 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 0 \text{ balance } 1 \longrightarrow \text{MSB}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Answer} = \underline{11001}_2$$

Decimal to Binary Conversion

- ▶ The easiest way to convert a decimal number to its binary equivalent is to use the *Division Algorithm*
- ▶ This method repeatedly divides a decimal number by 2 and records the quotient and remainder
 - *The remainder digits (a sequence of zeros and ones) form the binary equivalent in least significant to most significant digit sequence*

Division Algorithm

Convert 67 to its binary equivalent:

$$67_{10} = x_2$$

Step 1: $67 / 2 = 33 \text{ R } 1$ *Divide 67 by 2. Record quotient in next row*

Step 2: $33 / 2 = 16 \text{ R } 1$ *Again divide by 2; record quotient in next row*

Step 3: $16 / 2 = 8 \text{ R } 0$ *Repeat again*

Step 4: $8 / 2 = 4 \text{ R } 0$ *Repeat again*

Step 5: $4 / 2 = 2 \text{ R } 0$ *Repeat again*

Step 6: $2 / 2 = 1 \text{ R } 0$ *Repeat again*

Step 7: $1 / 2 = 0 \text{ R } 1$ *STOP when quotient equals 0*

1 0 0 0 0 1 1₂

Decimal to binary (fractional)

- ▶ Examples:
- ▶ Convert the decimal number $(12.0625)_{10}$ into binary number.

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 12 \\ \hline & 6 \\ 2 & 6 \\ \hline & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \\ \hline & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \end{array}$$

Fractional part:

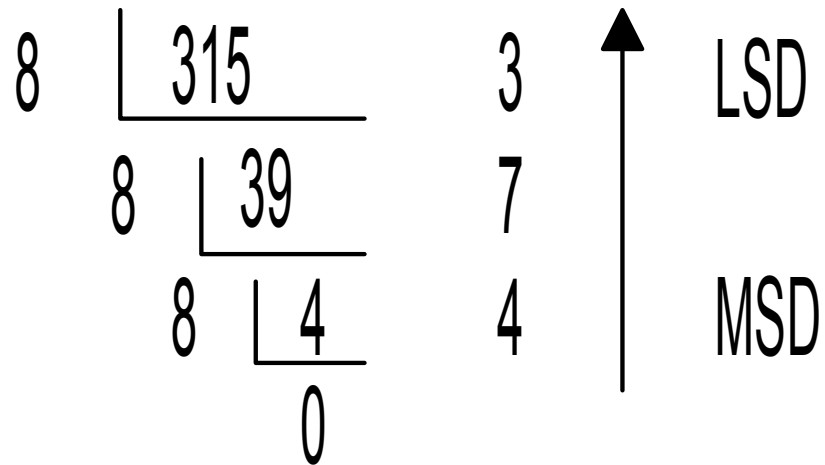
$$\begin{array}{l} 0.0625 \times 2 = 0.1250 \quad 0 \\ 0.1250 \times 2 = 0.2500 \quad 0 \\ 0.2500 \times 2 = 0.500 \quad 0 \\ 0.500 \times 2 = 1.000 \quad 1 \end{array}$$

$$(12.0625)_{10} = (1100.0001)_2$$

Decimal to Octal Conversion

Examples:

$$\square (315)_{10} = (473)_8$$



DECIMAL TO OCTAL CONVERSION

- ▶ Convert from **decimal to octal** by using the repeated division method used for decimal to binary conversion.
- ▶ Divide the decimal number by 8
- ▶ The first remainder is the LSB and the last is the MSB.

Example : convert 359_{10} to Octal Value

$$\text{Solve} = 359_{10} = ?_8$$

$$= \frac{359}{8} \rightarrow 44 \text{ balance } 7 \longrightarrow \text{LSB}$$

$$= \frac{44}{8} \rightarrow 5 \text{ balance } 4$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} \rightarrow 0 \text{ balance } 5 \longrightarrow \text{MSB}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Answer} = \underline{547}_8$$

Decimal to Octal Conversion

Convert 427_{10} to its octal equivalent:

$$427 / 8 = 53 \text{ R-}3$$

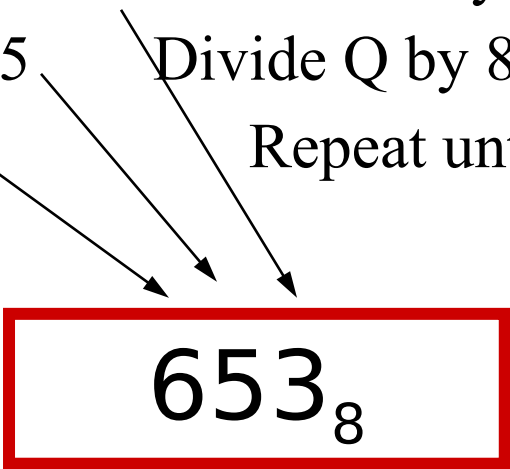
Divide by 8; R is LSD

$$53 / 8 = 6 \text{ R-}5$$

Divide Q by 8; R is next digit

$$6 / 8 = 0 \text{ R-}6$$

Repeat until Q = 0



653₈

Decimal to Octal (fractional)

- ▶ Examples:
- ▶ Convert the decimal number $(225.225)_{10}$ into octal number.

Solution:

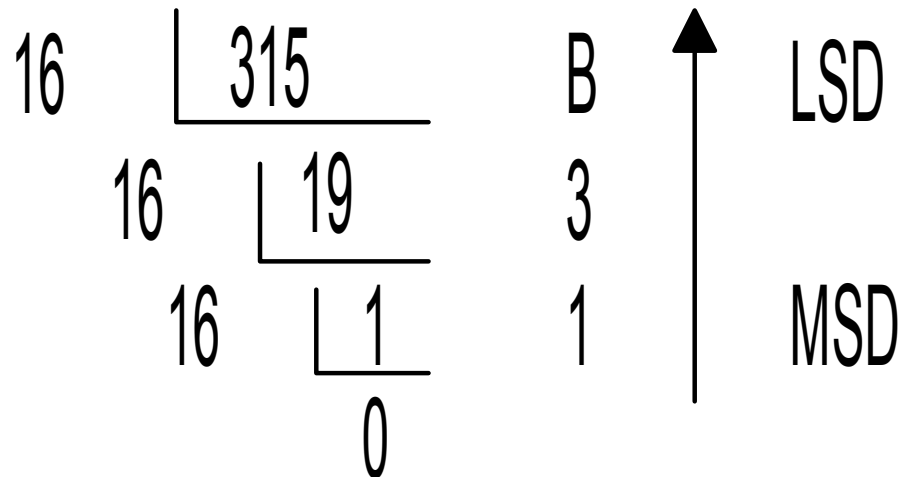
		Fractional part:	
$8 \overline{)225}$		$0.225 \times 8 = 1.800$	1
$8 \overline{)28}$	1	$0.800 \times 8 = 6.400$	6
$8 \overline{)3}$	4	$0.400 \times 8 = 3.200$	3
0	3	$0.200 \times 8 = 1.600$	1
		$0.600 \times 8 = 4.800$	4

$$(225.225)_{10} = (341.16314)_8$$

Decimal to Hexadecimal Conversion

- **Examples**

□ $(315)_{10} = (13B)_{16}$



Decimal to Hexadecimal Conversion

Convert 830_{10} to its hexadecimal equivalent:

$$830 / 16 = 51 \text{ R-}14$$

$$51 / 16 = 3 \text{ R-}3$$

$$3 / 16 = 0 \text{ R-}3$$

← = E in Hex



$33E_{16}$

Decimal to Hexadecimal (fractional)

- ▶ Examples:
- ▶ Convert the decimal number $(225.225)_{10}$ into hexadecimal number.

Solution:

$16 \overline{) 225}$		Fractional part:
$16 \overline{) 14}$	1	$225 \times 16 = 3.600$
0	14	$600 \times 16 = 9.600$
(or E)		

↑

↓

$$(225.225)_{10} = (E1.39)_{16}$$

Converting from Binary to Decimal

- Example of a binary number and the values of the positions:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \underline{1} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{1} & \underline{1} & \underline{0} & \underline{1} \\ 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \end{array}$$

Converting from Binary to Decimal

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \underline{1} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{1} & \underline{1} & \underline{0} & \underline{1} \\ 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \end{array}$$

$$2^0 = 1 \quad 2^4 = 16$$

$$2^1 = 2 \quad 2^5 = 32$$

$$2^2 = 4 \quad 2^6 = 64$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

$$1 \times 2^0 = 1$$

$$0 \times 2^1 = 0$$

$$1 \times 2^2 = 4$$

$$1 \times 2^3 = 8$$

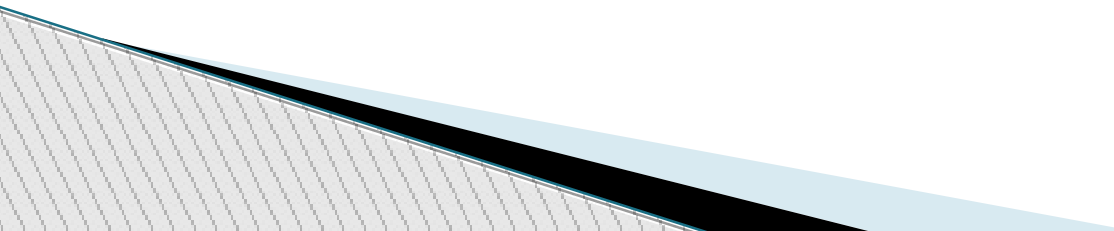
$$0 \times 2^4 = 0$$

$$0 \times 2^5 = 0$$

$$1 \times 2^6 = \underline{64}$$

Answer: 77_{10}

Binary to Decimal Conversion

- ▶ The easiest method for converting a binary number to its decimal equivalent is to use the ***Multiplication Algorithm***
 - ▶ Multiply the binary digits by increasing powers of two, starting from the right
 - ▶ Then, to find the decimal number equivalent, sum those products
- 

Multiplication Algorithm

Convert $(10101101)_2$ to its decimal equivalent:

Binary	→	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Positional Values	→	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
Products	→	$128 + 32 + 8 + 4 + 1$							

173_{10}

Converting from Binary to Decimal

Practice conversions:

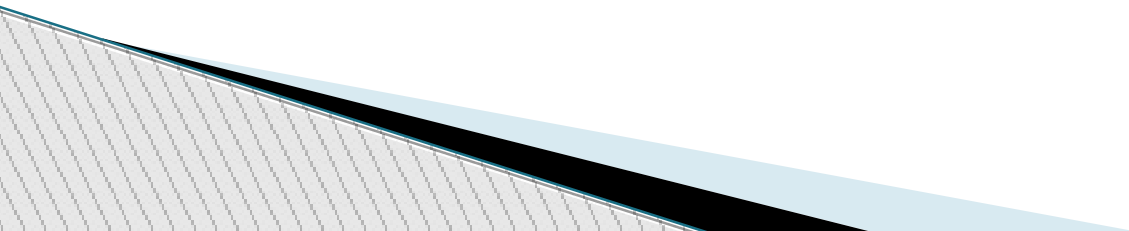
Binary

Decimal

11101

1010101

100111



Converting From Decimal to Binary

Practice conversions:

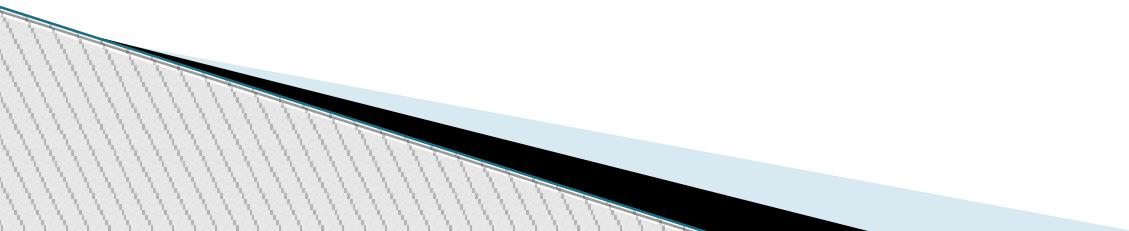
Decimal

Binary

59

82

175



binary to hexadecimal system

- Group the digits of the binary number by **four** starting from the right.
- Replace each group of **four** digits by an equivalent hexadecimal digit.

Convert 10110101_2 into a hexadecimal number.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \underbrace{1011} & \underbrace{0101}_2 & = B5_{16} \\ B & 5 & \end{array}$$

Exercise

- ▮ Convert 101000_2 into a hexadecimal number.
- ▮ Convert 11101111_2 into a hexadecimal number.

Octal to Decimal Conversion

Convert 653_8 to its decimal equivalent:

Octal Digits	→	6	5	3		
		x	x	x		
Positional Values	→	8 ²	8 ¹	8 ⁰		
		<hr/>				
Products	→	384	+	40	+	3

427_{10}

OCTAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

- ▶ Convert from **octal to binary** by converting each octal digit to a three bit binary equivalent

Octal digit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Binary Equivalent	000	001	010	011	100	101	110	111

- Convert from **binary to octal** by grouping bits in threes starting with the LSB.
- Each group is then converted to the octal equivalent
- Leading zeros can be added to the left of the MSB to fill out the last group.

Octal to Binary Conversion

Each octal number converts to 3 binary digits

	Code
0	- 000
1	- 001
2	- 010
3	- 011
4	- 100
5	- 101
6	- 110
7	- 111

To convert 653_8 to binary, just substitute code:

6	5	3
↓	↓	↓
110	101	011

Hexadecimal to Decimal Conversion

Convert 3B4F (Hexadecimal) to its decimal equivalent:

Hex Digits



3 B 4 F

Positional Values



~~X~~ ~~X~~ ~~X~~ ~~X~~

16³ 16² 16¹ 16⁰

Products



12288 + 2816 + 64 + 15

15,183₁₀

HEXADECIMAL TO binary

- ▶ To convert a hexadecimal to binary number, convert each hexadecimal digit to its 4 bit equivalent using the hexa number.

- Example: $(23.AB)_{16} = ()_2$

Solution: $(23.AB)_{16} =$ 2 3 . A B

 0010 0011 1010 1011

$$(23.AB)_{16} = (00100011.10101011)_2$$

Hexadecimal Number System

<u>Binary</u>	<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Hexadecimal</u>	<u>Binary</u>	<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Hex</u>
0	0	0	1010	10	A
1	1	1	1011	11	B
10	2	2	1100	12	C
11	3	3	1101	13	D
100	4	4	1110	14	E
101	5	5	1111	15	F
110	6	6			
111	7	7			
1000	8	8			
1001	9	9			

Exercise

- Practice conversions:

Binary

Decimal

Octal

Hex

01111101

1110101

1101010111

- Practice conversions:

Decimal

Binary

Octal

Hex

72

92

185

- Convert 11011111_2 into a hexadecimal number.

Answer Exercise

➤ Practice conversions:

<u>Binary</u>	<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Octal</u>	<u>Hex</u>
01111101	125 ₍₁₀₎	175 ₍₈₎	7D ₍₁₆₎
1110101	117 ₍₁₀₎	165 ₍₈₎	75 ₍₁₆₎
1101010111	855 ₍₁₀₎	1527 ₍₈₎	357 ₍₁₆₎

➤ Practice conversions:

<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Binary</u>	<u>Octal</u>	<u>Hex</u>
72	1001000 ₍₂₎	110 ₍₈₎	48 ₍₁₆₎
92	1011100 ₍₂₎	134 ₍₈₎	5C ₍₁₆₎
185	10111001 ₍₂₎	271 ₍₈₎	B9 ₍₁₆₎

➤ Convert 11011111₂ into a hexadecimal number.

$$11011111_{(2)} = \text{DF}_{(16)}$$

**Any
Questions ??????????**

End of Session

End of Session

