







Storage Devices

- Store data when computer is on
- Two processes
 - Writing data
 - Reading data
- Media is the material storing data
- Storage devices manage the media

Types of Storage Devices

- 3 types
 - Magnetic devices: use a magnet
 - Optical devices: use lasers
 - Solid-state devices: have physical switches

Magnetic Storage Devices

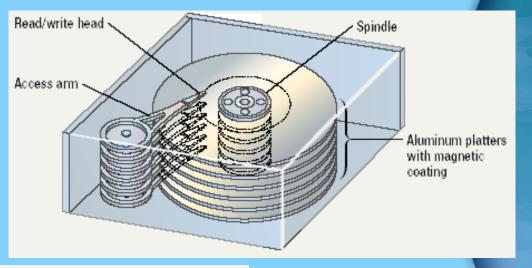
- Most common form of storage
- Hard drives, floppy drives, tape
- All magnetic drives work the same
- Data storage and retrieval
 - Media is covered with iron oxide
 - Read/write head is a magnet
 - Magnet writes charges on the media
 - Positive charge is a 1
 - Negative charge is a 0
 - Magnet reads charges
 - Drive converts charges into binary

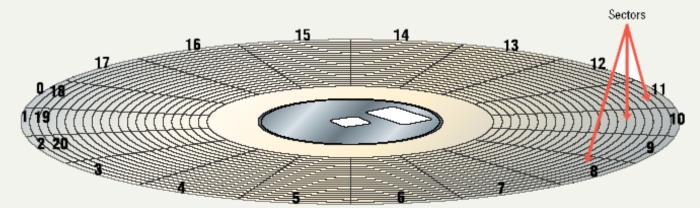
i Do it!

Magnetic Storage Devices...

- Data organization
 - Disks must be formatted before use
 - Format draws tracks on the disk
 - Uses magnet to access data
 - Tracks is divided into sectors
 - Amount of data a drive can read

Illustrated HDD

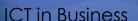




Tracks and Sectors

Optical Storage Devices

- CD-ROM
 - Most software shiped on a CD (Compact Disk)
 - Read using a laser
 - CD speed is based on the original
 - Original CD read 150 Kbps
 - A 10 X will read 1,500 Kbps
 - Standard CD holds 650 MB
- DVD-ROM
 - Digital Video Disk
 - Use both sides of the disk
 - Capacities can reach 18 GB
 - DVD players can read CDs



Optical Storage Devices...

- CD Recordable (CD-R)
 - Create a data or audio CD
 - Data cannot be changed
 - Can continue adding until full
- CD Regrettable (CD-RW)
 - Create a reusable CD
 - Cannot be read in all CD players
 - Can reuse about 100 times



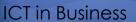
Solid State Devices

- Data is stored physically
- No magnets or laser
- Electricity flows through solid semiconductor crystals
- Extremely fast
- Definite mass, volume, and shape



Solid State Devices...

- Flash memory
 - Found in cameras and USB drives
 - Combination of RAM and ROM
 - Long term updateable storage
 - Pen drive, memory card
- Smart cards
 - Any cards with a chip
 - Chip stores data
 - Eventually used for transactions



References

- Peter Norton, M. (2004). *Peter Norton's intro to computers 6/E*. McGraw-Hill Education.
- Rahman, M. L., Kaiser, M. S., Rahman, M. A., & Hossain, M. A. (2017). Computer Fundamentals and ICT (1st ed.). Daffodil International University Press.
- Different sites found in internet

End of Course Lessons

- Based on today's discussion, activity will be assigned to you. You have to make a solution to the problem.
- •At the end there will be a short assessment test based on Lecture lesson-11

Discussion Questions and Learning Summary! ICT in Business Samsul Alam, Sr. Lecturer

